

MEDICAL COLLEGES

NOTE.—This list includes the names of all Medical Colleges, existing and extinct, in the United States, Canada and Philippine Islands, followed by a brief history of each; a classification of Medical Colleges, prepared by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association; a list of postgraduate schools in the United States, and a list of foreign Medical Colleges.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF AMERICAN COLLEGES

- Alabama, Medical College of, Mobile.—Ala.2.
Alabama, Univ. of, School of Med.—Ala.2.
Albany Medical College, Albany.—N.Y.3.
Alberta, Univ. of, Fac. of Med.—Alta.1.
American Anthropological University of St. Louis.—Mo.39.
American College of Arts and Sciences Med. Dept., Buffalo.—N.Y.39.
American College of Medical Science, New York City.—N.Y.33.
American College of Med. and Surg.—Ill.22.
American College of Medicine in Pennsylvania.—Pa.14.
American Eclectic Medical College.—O.18.
American Health College, Cincinnati.—O.34.
American Med. Coll., Indianapolis.—Ind.19.
American Medical Coll., St. Louis.—Mo.10.
American Medical College, Eclectic.—O.30.
Amer. Med. Coll., Eclectic, St. Louis.—Mo.10.
American Medical Missionary Coll.—Ill.19.
American Society of Arts and Sciences, Buffalo.—N.Y.39.
American Society of Literature and Art, Buffalo.—N.Y.39.
American University of Pennsylvania, Eclectic, Philadelphia.—Pa.16.
Arkansas Industrial University Medical Department, Little Rock.—Ark.1.
Arkansas, University of, Med. Dept., Little Rock.—Ark.1.
Asbury University Med. Dept.—Ind.3.
Atlanta College of Phys. and Surg.—Ga.11.
Atlanta Medical College.—Ga.5.
Atlanta School of Medicine.—Ga.12.
Atlantic Medical College, Baltimore.—Md.8.
Baltimore Medical College.—Md.4.
Baltimore University School of Med.—Md.6.
Barnes Medical College, St. Louis.—Mo.28.
Baylor University College of Med.—Tex.4.
Beach Medical College, Indianapolis.—Ind.15.
Beach Med. Institute, Indianapolis.—Ind.15.
Beaumont Hospital Medical College.—Mo.24.
Bell Medical College, Dallas.—Tex.8.
Bellevue Hospital Medical College.—N.Y.10.
Bellevue Medical College of Massachusetts.—Mass.9.
Bennett College of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery, Chicago.—Ill.8.
Bennett Medical College.—Ill.8.
Berkshire Medical Coll., Pittsfield.—Mass.2.
Bethel Medical Department of Southwestern University, Little Rock.—Ark.3.
Birmingham Medical College.—Ala.4.
Bishop College, University of, Faculty of Med.—Que.5.
Boston University School of Med.—Mass.5.
Botanic Medical College, Memphis.—Tenn.3.
Botanico-Medical College of Ohio.—O.5.
Bowdoin Medical School.—Me.1.
Bowdoin College, Med. Dept. of.—Me.1.
Brown Univ. Med. Dept., Providence.—R.I.1.
Buffalo College of Rational Med.—N.Y.36.
Buffalo, University of, Dept. of Med.—N.Y.6.
Butler University Med. Department.—Ind.8.
California Eclectic Medical College.—Cal.4.
California Med. Coll., San Francisco.—Cal.4.
California Medical Society and College of Physicians, San Francisco.—Cal.3.
California, Univ. of, Med. School.—Cal.2.
California, Univ. of Southern, Med. Dept. (Coll. of Phys. and Surg.).—Cal.9.
Castleton Medical Academy (College).—Vt.1.
Central College Med. Dept.—Mo.44.
Central College of Phys. and Surg.—Ind.9.
Central Medical College of New York.—N.Y.28.
Central Medical Coll. of St. Joseph.—Mo.29.
Central Tenn. College Med. Dept.—Tenn.7.
Central Univ. of Kentucky Med. Dept.—Ky.5.
Central Univ. of Med. and Science.—N.J.4.
Chaddock School of Med., Quincy.—Ill.12.
Charity Hosp. Med. Coll., Cleveland.—O.11.
Charity Hosp. Med. Coll., New Orleans.—La.3.
Charleston Medical School.—S.C.3.
Chattanooga Medical College.—Tenn.9.
Chattanooga National Med. Coll.—Tenn.18.
Chattanooga, Univ. of, Med. Dept.—Tenn.9.
Chicago College of Med. and Surg.—Ill.22.
Chicago College of Medicine and Surgery, Physio-Medical.—Ill.20.
Chicago College of Science.—Ill.26.
Chicago Eclectic Medical College.—Ill.22.
Chicago Homeopathic Med. College.—Ill.10.
Chicago Hospital College of Med.—Ill.42.
Chicago Northwestern College.—Ill.7.
Chicago Medical College.—Ill.6.
Chicago Medical School.—Ill.42.
Chicago Physio-Medical College.—Ill.5.
Chicago Physio-Medical Institute.—Ill.5.
Chicago, University of, Med. Dept.—Ill.1.
Cincinnati College of Med. and Surg.—O.8.
Cincinnati Literary and Scientific Inst.—O.4.
Cincinnati Medical College.—O.37.
Cincinnati Physio-Medical College.—O.4.
Cincinnati, Univ. of, Coll. of Med.—O.41.
Clark University Med. Dept.—Ga.15.
Clark University Med. Dept.—Mass.14.
Cleveland College of Phys. and Surg.—O.12.
Cleveland Homeopathic Med. Coll.—O.26.
Cleveland Medical College.—O.6.
Cleveland Med. Coll., Homeopathic.—O.28.
Cleveland-Pulte Medical College.—O.26.
Cleveland University of Med. and Surg.—O.7.
Clinical School of Medicine.—Vt.3.
College of American Med. and Surg.—Ga.8.
College of Homeopathic Medicine and Surg. of the Kansas City University.—Mo.31.
College of Medical Evangelists, Loma Linda.—Cal.12.
College of Medicine, Botanic, New York City.—N.Y.24.
College of Medicine and Surgery, Physio-Medical, Chicago.—Ill.5.
Coll. of Med. of Maryland, Baltimore.—Md.1.
College of Philadelphia Dept. of Med.—Pa.1.
College of Physicians and Surgeons, Little Rock.—Ark.2.
College of Physicians and Surgeons, Los Angeles.—Cal.9.
College of Physicians and Surgeons of San Francisco.—Cal.7.
College of Phys. and Surg., Denver.—Colo.4.
College of Phys. and Surg., Chicago.—Ill.11.
College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Upper Mississippi, Rock Island.—Ill.24.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg. of Indiana.—Ind.6.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg., Keokuk.—Ia.1.
College of Physicians and Surgeons, Kansas City.—Kan.4.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg. of Baltimore.—Md.3.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg., Boston.—Mass.6.
College of Physicians and Surgeons, Minneapolis.—Minn.5.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg. of Kansas City.—Mo.8.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg. of St. Joseph.—Mo.15.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg. of St. Louis.—Mo.7.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg., Arlington.—N.C.6.
College of Physicians and Surgeons in the City of New York.—N.Y.1.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg. of the Western District of New York, Fairfield.—N.Y.2.
College of Physicians and Surgeons, Homeopathic, Buffalo.—N.Y.17.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg., Memphis.—Tenn.15.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg., Dallas.—Tex.8.
Coll. of Phys. and Surg., Richmond.—Va.6.
Colorado School of Medicine.—Colo.2.
Colorado, University of, School of Medicine, Denver.—Colo.2.
Columbia College Medical Faculty, New York.—N.Y.1.
Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons.—N.Y.1.
Columbian College Med. Dept.—D.C.1.
Columbian Med. Coll., Kansas City.—Mo.41.
Columbian University Medical Department Washington.—D.C.1.
Columbus Medical College.—O.14.
Coney Medical Institute, Milwaukee.—Wis.1.
Cooper Medical Coll., San Francisco.—Cal.1.
Cornell University Medical College.—N.Y.29.
Cotner University Medical College.—Neb.4.
Council Bluffs Medical College.—Ia.11.
Creighton Medical College.—Neb.6.
Creighton University Medical Dept.—Neb.6.
Cumberland University Med. Dept.—Tenn.2.
Curtis Physio-Med. Inst., Marion.—Ind.12.
Dalhousie Univ. Faculty of Med.—N.S.1.
Dallas Medical College.—Tex.10.
Dallas, University of, Med. Dept.—Tex.4.
Dalton Medical College, Dalton.—Ga.14.
Dartmouth College Med. Dept.—N.H.1.
Dartmouth Medical School, Hanover.—N.H.1.
Davidson School of Medicine.—N.C.4.
Dayton Medical University.—O.37.
Dearborn Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.23.
Denver and Gross Coll. of Med.—Colo.5.
Denver College of Medicine.—Colo.1.
Denver College of Phys. and Surg.—Colo.4.
Denver Homeopathic College.—Colo.4.
Denver, University of, Med. Dept.—Colo.5.
Detroit College of Medicine.—Mich.7.
Detroit College of Med. and Surg.—Mich.7.
Detroit Homeopathic College.—Mich.11.
Detroit Homeopathic Medical Coll.—Mich.3.
Detroit Medical College.—Mich.2.
Detroit University of Medicine.—Mich.15.
Detroit University of Rational Medicine and Surgery, Detroit.—Mich.14.
Drake University College of Medicine.—Ia.6.
Druidic Bancholeon, Buffalo.—N.Y.39.
Druidic Univ. of Maine, Lewiston.—Me.3.
Dunham Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.18.
Dutton Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.38.
Eastern University School of Medicine, Baltimore.—Md.11.
Eclectic College of Med. and Surg.—O.31.
Eclectic College of Phys. and Surg.—Ind.18.
Eclectic Medical College of Indiana.—Ind.17.
Eclectic Medical College, Louisville.—Ky.3.
Eclectic Medical College, Cincinnati.—O.2.
Eclectic Medical College of the City of New York.—N.Y.13.
Eclectic Med. Coll. of Maine, Lewiston.—Me.2.
Eclectic Med. Coll. of Pennsylvania.—Pa.17.
Eclectic Med. Coll. of Philadelphia.—Pa.14.
Eclectic Medical Institute, Cincinnati.—O.1.
Eclectic Med. Institute, Memphis.—Tenn.3.
Eclectic Medical Institute of New York, Rochester.—N.Y.28.
Eclectic Med. Univ., Kansas City, Kan.—Kan.7.
Eclectic Med. Univ., Kansas City, Mo.—Mo.33.
Eclectic School of Medicine of Milton University.—Md.11.
Edinburgh Medical College, Lumbertown.—N.C.2.
Edinburg University, Chicago.—Ill.7.
Edwards Medical College.—N.Y.44.
Electropathic Institute, Philadelphia.—Pa.19.
Emory University School of Med.—Ga.5.
Emsworth-Central Med. College, St. Joseph.—Mo.22.
Emsworth Med. College, St. Joseph.—Mo.22.
Epworth College of Medicine.—Okla.2.
Excelsior Medical College, Boston.—Mass.12.
Excelsior Medical College, New York.—N.Y.31.
Fairfield Medical School.—N.Y.2.
Flint Medical College of New Orleans University.—La.4.
Florida, University of, Med. Dept.—Fla.1.
Fordham Univ. School of Med.—N.Y.43.
Fort Dearborn Hospital Med. School.—Ill.48.
Fort Wayne College of Medicine.—Ind.10.
Fort Worth School of Medicine.—Tex.3.
Fort Worth University Med. Dept.—Tex.3.
Franklin Med. College, Philadelphia.—Pa.5.
Fredonia, Medical School of.—N.Y.28.
Galveston Medical College.—Tex.1.

MEDICAL COLLEGES

- Gate City Med. College, Texarkana.—Tex.7.
 Geneva Medical College, Geneva.—N.Y.4.
 George Washington University Med. School.—D.C.1.
 Georgetown Univ. School of Med.—D.C.2.
 Georgia Coll. of Eclectic Med. and Surg.—Ga.9.
 Georgia, Eclectic Med. Coll., Atlanta.—Ga.9.
 Georgia, University of, Medical Dept.—Ga.1.
 German Acad. of Psychiatric Phys.—Ill.31.
 German-American Homeo. Med. Coll.—Ill.32.
 German College of Gynecology, Pediatrics and Obstetrics, Chicago.—Ill.33.
 German College of Medicine and Obstetrics, Chicago.—Ill.28.
 German Homeopathic Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.29.
 German Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.30.
 Grafenbun Institute.—Ala.1.
 Grand Rapids Medical College.—Mich.10.
 Grant University Med. Dept.—Tenn.9.
 Gross Medical College, Denver.—Colo.3.
 Hahnemann Hospital College of San Francisco.—Cal.5.
 Hahnemann Medical College, San Francisco.—Cal.5.
 Hahnemann Med. Coll. and Hospital of Chicago.—Ill.4.
 Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia.—Pa.9.
 Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia.—Pa.18.
 Hahnemann Med. Coll. of the Kansas City University.—Mo.31.
 Hahnemann Med. Coll. of the Pacific.—Cal.5.
 Hallfax Medical College.—N.S.1.
 Hamburg Canal College, Buffalo.—N.Y.38.
 Hamline University Medical Dept.—Minn.5.
 Hampden Sydney College Med. Dept.—Va.4.
 Hannibal Medical College.—Tenn.17.
 Harvard Medical School, Boston.—Mass.1.
 Harvey Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.13.
 Hering Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.15.
 Hering Medical College, St. Louis.—Mo.16.
 Hippocratean College of Medicine, St. Louis.—Mo.49.
 Homeopathic College of Physicians and Surgeons.—N.Y.17.
 Homeopathic Hospital Coll., Cleveland.—O.7.
 Homeopathic Med. Coll. of Missouri.—Mo.5.
 Homeopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania.—Pa.9.
 Homeopathic Med. Coll. of St. Louis.—Mo.9.
 Homeopathic Medical College of the State of New York, New York City.—N.Y.9.
 Homeopathic Med. Coll. for Women.—O.33.
 Hospital College of Med., Louisville.—Ky.5.
 Hospital Med. Coll., Eclectic, Atlanta.—Ga.18.
 Hospital Med. Coll. of Evansville.—Ind.13.
 Howard University School of Med.—D.C.3.
 Hudson Medical College.—O.8.
 Humboldt Institute, St. Louis.—Mo.4.
 Humboldt Medical College, St. Louis.—Mo.4.
 Hygiea Medical College, Cincinnati.—O.39.
 Hygieo-Therapeutic College, Bergen Hts.—N.J.1.
 Hygieo-Therapeutic College, New York.—N.Y.32.
 Illinois Coll. Med. Dept., Jacksonville.—Ill.2.
 Illinois Health University, Chicago.—Ill.35.
 Illinois Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.17.
 Illinois Standard Coll. of Med. and Surg.—Ill.36.
 Illinois, University of, Coll. of Med.—Ill.11.
 Independent Medical Coll., Chicago.—Ill.21.
 Indiana Central Medical College.—Ind.3.
 Indiana Coll. of Med. and Midwifery.—Ind.24.
 Indiana Eclectic Medical College, Indianapolis.—Ind.11.
 Indiana Medical Coll., Indianapolis.—Ind.4.
 Indiana Medical Coll., La Porte.—Ind.1.
 Indiana Medical College School of Medicine of Purdue University.—Ind.18.
 Indiana, Univ. of, New Albany.—Ind.23.
 Indiana University School of Medicine, Bloomington-Indianapolis.—Ind.20.
 Indianapolis, Univ. of, Med. Dept.—Ind.8.
 International Electropathic Institution.—O.32.
 International Medical Missionary College and Training School for Nurses, Atlanta.—Ga.17.
 International Med. Missionary Inst.—Ill.34.
 Iowa College of Phys. and Surg.—Ia.6.
 Iowa Eclectic Med. Coll., Des Moines.—Ia.6.
 Iowa Medical College, Keokuk.—Ia.2.
 Iowa Med. Coll., Eclectic, Des Moines.—Ia.6.
 Iowa, State University of, College of Homeopathic Medicine, Iowa City.—Ia.4.
 Iowa, State University of, College of Medicine, Iowa City.—Ia.3.
 Iowa, University of, Medical Dept.—Ia.1.
 Jefferson College Medical Dept.—Pa.2.
 Jefferson Medical Association.—Tenn.16.
 Jefferson Med. Coll. of Philadelphia.—Pa.2.
 Jefferson School of Med., Louisville.—Ky.6.
 Jenner Medical College.—Ill.16.
 John A. Creighton Medical Coll.—Neb.6.
 Johns Hopkins Univ. Med. Dept., Baltimore.—Md.7.
 Joplin College of Phys. and Surg.—Mo.17.
 Joplin Medical College, Joplin.—Mo.19.
 Kansas City Coll. of Med. and Surg.—Kan.6.
 Kansas City Coll. of Med. and Surg.—Mo.43.
 Kansas City Hahnemann Med. Coll.—Mo.35.
 Kansas City Homeo. Med. Coll.—Mo.26.
 Kansas City Hospital Coll. of Med.—Mo.21.
 Kansas City Medical College.—Mo.8.
 Kansas City Medical College of.—Mo.11.
 Kansas City University, Hahnemann Medical College of.—Mo.31.
 Kansas City, Univ. Med. Coll. of.—Mo.20.
 Kansas City University Med. Dept.—Kan.4.
 Kansas City, Univ. of, Med. Dept.—Mo.20.
 Kansas City University College of Homeopathic Medicine and Surgery.—Mo.31.
 Kansas City Univ. of Phys. and Surg., Kansas City, Mo.—Mo.44.
 Kansas Medical Coll., Independence.—Kan.1.
 Kansas Medical College, Topeka.—Kan.3.
 Kansas, University of, School of Medicine, Lawrence and Rosedale.—Kan.2.
 Kemper College Medical Dept.—Mo.1.
 Kentucky School of Medicine.—Ky.1.
 Kentucky University Medical Dept.—Ky.9.
 Keokuk Medical College.—Ia.9.
 Keokuk Medical College of Physicians and Surgeons.—Ia.10.
 King Electric Med. Coll., Des Moines.—Ia.7.
 King's College Medical Faculty.—N.Y.1.
 King's College, Medical Faculty of.—Ont.1.
 Kingston Woman's Medical College.—Ont.7.
 Knoxville College Medical Dept.—Tenn.12.
 Knoxville Medical College.—Tenn.13.
 Lake Forest University Med. Dept.—Ill.1.
 La Porte University Medical Dept.—Ind.1.
 Laura Memorial Woman's Medical College, Cincinnati.—O.21.
 Laval University Faculty of Med.—Que.3.
 Laval University Medical Faculty.—Que.4.
 Leland Stanford Junior University School of Medicine.—Cal.11.
 Leonard Medical School.—N.C.3.
 Lincoln Medical College.—Neb.4.
 Lincoln Memorial University Medical Dept.—Tenn.10.
 Lincoln University Med. Dept.—Pa.10.
 Lind University, Med. Dept. of.—Ill.6.
 Livingston University, Haddonfield.—N.J.3.
 Livingston College Medical Dept.—Ill.41.
 Long Island College Hospital.—N.Y.8.
 Louisiana, Med. Coll. of, New Orleans.—La.1.
 Louisiana, University of, Med. Dept.—La.1.
 Louisville and Hospital Med. Coll.—Ky.11.
 Louisville Med. Coll., Louisville.—Ky.4.
 Louisville Medical Institute.—Ky.7.
 Louisville National Medical College.—Ky.7.
 Louisville, University of, Med. Dept.—Ky.2.
 Loyola University School of Med.—Ill.43.
 Maine, Medical School of, Portland.—Me.1.
 Manitoba Medical College.—Man.1.
 Manitoba, University of, Med. Dept.—Man.1.
 Marlon-Sims Beaumont Med. Coll.—Mo.34.
 Marlon-Sims College of Med., St. Louis.—Mo.27.
 Marquette Univ. School of Med.—Wis.6.
 Maryland Coll. of Eclectic Med. and Surg.—Md.11.
 Maryland Medical Coll., Baltimore.—Md.9.
 Maryland, Univ. of, School of Med. and Coll. of Phys. and Surg.—Md.1.
 McDowell Medical College.—Mo.1.
 McGill University Faculty of Med.—Que.1.
 Medical Acad. of Georgia, Augusta.—Ga.1.
 Medical and Surgical College of the State of New Jersey.—N.J.2.
 Medical and Surgical Institute and Sanitarium.—N.Y.39.
 Medical College of Alabama.—Ala.1.
 Medical College of Evansville.—Ind.2.
 Medical College of Fort Wayne.—Ind.7.
 Medical College of Georgia, Augusta.—Ga.1.
 Medical College of Indiana.—Ind.8.
 Medical College of Kansas City.—Mo.11.
 Medical College of Louisiana.—La.1.
 Medical College of Ohio.—O.1.
 Medical College of South Carolina.—S.C.1.
 Medical College of the Pacific.—Cal.1.
 Med. Coll. of the State of So. Carol.—S.C.1.
 Medical College of Virginia.—Va.4.
 Medical Faculty of Rutgers' (Queen's) College, New York.—N.Y.21.
 Medical Institution of Geneva.—N.Y.4.
 Medical Institution of Morgan City.—Utah2.
 Medical Institution of Yale College.—Conn.1.
 Medical School of Fredonia.—N.Y.26.
 Medical School of Harvard Univ.—Mass.1.
 Medical School of Maine.—Me.1.
 Medical School of the Valley of Virginia, Winchester.—Va.2.
 Medical Univ. of Ohio, Cincinnati.—O.17.
 Medico-Chirurgical and Theological College of Christ's Institution, Baltimore.—Md.10.
 Medico-Chirurgical College of Kansas City.—Mo.32.
 Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia.—Pa.11.
 Meharry Medical Coll., Nashville.—Tenn.7.
 Memphis Hospital Med. College.—Tenn.8.
 Memphis Medical Coll.—Tenn.2.
 Memphis, Univ. of, Med. Dept.—Tenn.15.
 Metropolitan Med. Coll., Chicago.—Ill.37.
 Metropolitan Med. Coll., Eclectic.—N.Y.30.
 Miami Medical College.—O.9.
 Michigan College of Medicine.—Mich.6.
 Michigan Coll. of Med. and Surg.—Mich.8.
 Michigan Eclectic Med. Coll.—Mich.13.
 Michigan Homeopathic Med. Coll.—Mich.4.
 Michigan Med. Coll., Lansing.—Mich.16.
 Michigan School of Homeopathy and Surgery.—Mich.12.
 Michigan, Univ. of, Med. School.—Mich.1.
 Michigan, University of, Homeopathic Med. School.—Mich.5.
 Middle Georgia Medical College.—Ga.13.
 Middlesex Coll. of Med. and Surg.—Mass.15.
 Milton University, Eclectic School of Med. of.—Md.11.
 Milwaukee Coll. of Phys. and Surg.—Wis.1.
 Milwaukee Medical College.—Wis.3.
 Minneapolis College of Physicians and Surgeons.—Minn.5.
 Minnesota College Hospital.—Minn.3.
 Minnesota Homeopathic Med. Coll.—Minn.6.
 Minnesota Hospital College.—Minn.3.
 Minnesota, University of, College of Homeopathic Medicine and Surgery.—Minn.6.
 Minn. Univ. of, Med. School.—Minn.4.
 Mississippi Medical Coll., Meridian.—Miss.2.
 Mississippi, Univ. of, School of Med.—Miss.1.
 Missouri Eclectic Medical College.—Mo.38.
 Missouri Medical College, St. Louis.—Mo.1.
 Missouri School of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, St. Louis.—Mo.42.
 Missouri, Univ. of, School of Med.—Mo.3.
 Mohawk Medical College, Buffalo.—N.Y.37.
 Montezuma University Med. Coll.—Ala.5.
 Montreal Medical Institution.—Que.1.
 Montreal School of Med. and Surg.—Que.2.
 Morgan City, Med. Institution of.—Utah 2.
 Nashville Medical College.—Tenn.6.
 Nashville, Universities of, and Tennessee, Medical Department.—Tenn.19.
 Nashville, University of, Med. Dept.—Tenn.1.
 National Homeopathic Med. Coll.—D.C.5.
 National Homeopathic Med. College.—Ill.14.
 National Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.14.
 National Medical Coll., Washington.—D.C.1.
 National Medical Univ., Chicago.—Ill.14.
 National Normal Univ. Coll. of Med.—O.22.
 National University Medical Dept.—D.C.4.
 National University of Arts and Sciences Medical Department.—Mo.10.
 National University of Illinois.—Ill.27.
 Nebraska College of Med., Lincoln.—Neb.7.
 Nebraska Medical College, Eclectic, Lincoln.—Neb.8.
 Nebraska School of Med., Omaha.—Neb.5.
 Nebraska, University of, College of Medicine, Eclectic Department.—Neb.2.
 Nebraska, University of, College of Medicine, Homeopathic Dept.—Neb.3.
 Nebraska, University of, College of Medicine, Omaha.—Neb.5.
 Nebraska, University of, College of Medicine, Regular Dept., Lincoln.—Neb.1.
 New England Botanic-Medical College.—Mass.4.
 New England Female Medical College, Boston.—Mass.3.
 New England Univ. of Arts and Sciences.—Mass.8.
 New England Univ. of Arts and Sciences.—N.H.2.
 New Hampshire, Univ. of, Dept. of Med.—N.H.3.
 New Jersey, Medical and Surgical College of the State of.—N.J.2.

AMERICAN MEDICAL DIRECTORY

New Medical Institution, New York City.—N.Y.21.
 New Orleans School of Medicine.—La.2.
 New Orleans Univ. Med. College.—La.4.
 New York College of Magnetics, New York City.—N.Y.40.
 New York Eclectic Medical Institute of Rochester.—N.Y.26.
 New York Free Medical College for Women, New York City.—N.Y.35.
 New York Homeopathic Medical College and Flower Hospital.—N.Y.9.
 New York Hygelo-Therapeutic College, New York City.—N.Y.32.
 New York Institute of Medical Science.—N.Y.41.
 New York Medical College.—N.Y.7.
 New York Medical College and Hospital for Women.—N.Y.11.
 New York Preparatory School of Medicine, New York City.—N.Y.34.
 New York Reformed Medical College, Eclectic, New York City.—N.Y.22.
 New York School of Medicine.—N.Y.23.
 New York University Medical Coll.—N.Y.5.
 New York University Med. Dept.—N.Y.19.
 New York, University of the City of, Medical Department.—N.Y.5.
 Niagara University Med. Dept.—N.Y.18.
 North American Academy of the Homeopathic Healing Art, Allentown.—Pa.15.
 North Carolina Medical College.—N.C.4.
 North Carolina, University of, School of Medicine.—N.C.1.
 North Dakota, University of, School of Medicine, University.—N.D.1.
 Northwestern College of Biochemistry.—Wash.2.
 Northwestern College of Midwifery.—Ill.25.
 Northwestern Med. Coll., St. Joseph.—Mo.18.
 Northwestern Ohio Medical College.—O.18.
 Northwestern University Med. School.—Ill.6.
 Northwestern University Woman's Medical School, Chicago.—Ill.9.
 Oakland Coll. of Med. and Surg.—Cal.8.
 Occidental Coll. of Phys. and Surg.—Mo.36.
 Oglethorpe Medical Coll., Savannah.—Ga.6.
 Ohio College of Obstetrics, Medicine and Midwifery, Cincinnati.—O.38.
 Ohio Medical University, Columbus.—O.25.
 Ohio, Medical Univ. of, Cincinnati.—O.17.
 Ohio-Miami Med. Coll., Cincinnati.—O.41.
 Ohio State University College of Homeopathic Medicine.—O.42.
 Ohio State University Coll. of Med.—O.40.
 Ohio Wesleyan Univ. Med. Dept.—O.12.
 Oklahoma Medical College, Oklahoma City.—Okla.4.
 Oklahoma, Univ. of, School of Med.—Okla.1.
 Omaha Medical College.—Neb.5.
 Omaha University Medical Dept.—Neb.5.
 Ontario Medical College for Women.—Ont.8.
 Oregon, Univ. of, Med. School.—Ore.2.
 Pacific Coast Regular Coll. of Med.—Cal.10.
 Penn Medical University.—Pa.8.
 Pennsylvania College Med. Dept.—Pa.3.
 Pennsylvania Med. Coll., Phila.—Pa.3.
 Pennsylvania, University of, School of Med., Philadelphia.—Pa.1.
 Philadelphia Coll. of Med. and Surg.—Pa.4.
 Philadelphia University of Med. and Surg.—Pa.14.
 Philippine Medical College, Manila.—P.I.2.
 Philippines, University of the, College of Medicine and Surgery.—P.I.2.
 Physio-Eclectic Medical College.—O.15.
 Physio-Medical College, Cincinnati.—O.4.
 Physio-Medical College of Indiana.—Ind.5.
 Physio-Medical College of Texas.—Tex.5.
 Physio-Medical Institute, Cincinnati.—O.10.
 Pittsburgh, Univ. of, School of Med.—Pa.12.
 Pope's Medical College.—Mo.2.
 Portland School for Med. Instruction.—Me.4.
 Preparatory Medical College, New York City and Poughkeepsie.—N.Y.42.
 Presbyterian Hospital and Woman's Medical College.—O.24.
 Pulte Medical College, Cincinnati.—O.13.
 Purdue University School of Med.—Ind.18.
 Quebec School of Medicine.—Que.3.
 Queen's College (New Jersey) Faculty of Medicine, New York City.—N.Y.21.
 Queen's University Faculty of Med.—Ont.5.
 Quincy College of Medicine.—Ill.12.
 Randolph Eclectic Med. Institute.—N.Y.27.
 Randolph Macon College Med. Dept.—Va.5.
 Reform Medical College of Georgia.—Ga.7.
 Regents of Univ. of State of N. Y.—N.Y.12.
 Reliance Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.39.
 Reserved Coll. of Phys. and Surg.—Mass.13.

Rochester Eclectic Medical College.—N.Y.28.
 Rocky Mountain Univ. Med. Dept.—Colo.3.
 Rolph's (Medical) School.—Ont.4.
 Royal College of Phys. and Surg.—Ont.5.
 Rush Medical College, Chicago.—Ill.1.
 Rutgers College, Med. Faculty of.—N.Y.21.
 Rutgers Faculty of Geneva College.—N.Y.21.
 Saginaw Valley Medical College, Saginaw.—Mich.9.
 San Antonio, Univ. of, Med. Dept.—Tex.9.
 Savannah Medical College.—Ga.4.
 Scientific Medical College.—Ill.40.
 Sewanee Medical College.—Tenn.11.
 Shaw University, Medical Dept. of.—N.C.3.
 Shelby Medical College, Nashville.—Tenn.4.
 Sloux City College of Medicine.—Ia.8.
 South Carolina, Medical College of the State of, Charleston.—S.C.1.
 South Carolina, Univ. of, Med. Dept.—S.C.2.
 South Dakota, University of, College of Medicine, Vermillion.—S.D.1.
 South, Univ. of the, Medical Dept.—Tenn.11.
 Southern Botanic-Medical College.—Ga.2.
 Southern California, University of, College of Medicine, Los Angeles.—Cal.8.
 Southern College of Medicine and Surgery, Atlanta.—Ga.19.
 Southern Homeopathic Medical Coll.—Md.8.
 Southern Medical College.—Ga.10.
 Southern Methodist University Medical Department.—Tex.6.
 Southern University Medical Dept.—Ala.3.
 Southwest School of Med. and Hosp.—Mo.35.
 Southwestern Homeopathic Medical College and Hospital, Louisville.—Ky.8.
 Southwestern Univ. Med. College.—Tex.6.
 Southwestern University, Bethel Med. Dept. of, Little Rock.—Ark.3.
 Spokane Falls, University of, College of Medicine.—Wash.3.
 St. Charles, University of, Med. Dept.—Ill.3.
 St. John's College School of Med.—N.Y.43.
 St. Joseph Hospital Medical College.—Mo.14.
 St. Joseph Medical College.—Mo.22.
 St. Lawrence School of Medicine.—Que.6.
 St. Louis College of Homeopathic Physicians and Surgeons.—Mo.6.
 St. Louis College of Medical and Natural Sciences, St. Louis.—Mo.4.
 St. Louis College of Phys. and Surg.—Mo.7.
 St. Louis Eclectic Medical College.—Mo.13.
 St. Louis Hahnemann Med. College.—Mo.12.
 St. Louis Hygienic College of Physicians and Surgeons.—Mo.25.
 St. Louis Medical College.—Mo.2.
 St. Louis University Med. Dept.—Mo.2.
 St. Louis University School of Med.—Mo.34.
 St. Louis Woman's Medical College.—Mo.37.
 St. Paul Medical College.—Minn.2.
 St. Thomas, University of, Medical Dept., Manila.—P.I.1.
 Starling Medical College, Columbus.—O.3.
 Starling-Ohio Med. Coll., Columbus.—O.40.
 State College of Phys. and Surg.—Ind.21.
 State University of Iowa College of Homeopathic Medicine.—Ia.4.
 State Univ. of Iowa Coll. of Med.—Ia.3.
 State University, Medical Dept. of.—Ky.10.
 Sulphur Rock Coll., Med. Dept. of.—Ark.5.
 Syracuse Medical College, Eclectic, Rochester.—N.Y.29.
 Syracuse University Coll. of Med.—N.Y.15.
 Syracuse University, College of Physicians and Surgeons of.—N.Y.15.
 Tallahassee College of Medicine and Surgery.—Fla.1.
 Temple University Dept. of Med.—Pa.13.
 Tennessee Medical College.—Tenn.10.
 Tennessee, Univ. of, Coll. of Med.—Tenn.6.
 Texas Christian University School of Med.—Tex.3.
 Texas Medical College and Hospital.—Tex.1.
 Texas, University of, Dept. of Med.—Tex.2.
 Thompsonian College, Barbourville.—Ga.3.
 Thompsonian Med. Coll., Allentown.—Pa.20.
 Toland Medical Coll., San Francisco.—Cal.2.
 Toledo Medical College.—O.19.
 Toledo School of Medicine, Toledo.—O.36.
 Toronto School of Medicine.—Ont.2.
 Toronto, Univ. of, Faculty of Med.—Ont.1.
 Transylvania University Med. Dept.—Ky.1.
 Trinity College Faculty of Medicine.—Ont.3.
 Trinity Medical College, Toronto.—Ont.3.
 Trinity University College of Medicine and Surgery of the State of Vermont.—Vt.5.
 Trinity University Medical Dept.—Tex.10.
 Trinity University Medical Faculty.—Ont.3.
 Tufts College Med. School, Boston.—Mass.7.
 Tulane University of Louisiana School of Medicine.—La.1.

Twentieth Century Physio-Medical College.—Okla.3.
 Union Medical Institute, Newbury.—Vt.6.
 Union University Medical Dept.—N.Y.3.
 United States Medical College.—N.Y.16.
 Universities of Nashville and Tennessee Medical Dept.—Tenn.19.
 University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College.—N.Y.19.
 University Coll. of Med., Richmond.—Va.6.
 University College of San Francisco, Medical Department.—Cal.1.
 University Med. Coll., Kansas City.—Mo.20.
 University of Ala. School of Med.—Ala.2.
 University of Alberta Fac. of Med.—Alta.1.
 University of Arkansas Med. Dept.—Ark.1.
 University of Bishop College Faculty of Medicine.—Que.5.
 University of Buffalo Dept. of Med.—N.Y.6.
 University of California Med. School.—Cal.2.
 University of Chattanooga Medical Dept.—Tenn.9.
 University of Chicago Medical Dept.—Ill.1.
 University of Cincinnati Coll. of Med.—O.41.
 University of Colo. School of Med.—Colo.2.
 University of Dallas Medical Dept.—Tex.4.
 University of Florida Medical Dept.—Fla.1.
 University of Georgia Medical Dept.—Ga.1.
 University of Illinois Coll. of Med.—Ill.11.
 University of Indiana, New Albany.—Ind.23.
 University of Indianapolis Medical Department.—Ind.8.
 University of Iowa Med. Dept.—Ia.1.
 University of Kansas School of Med.—Kan.2.
 Univ. of Kansas City Med. Dept.—Mo.20.
 University of Louisville Med. Dept.—Ky.2.
 University of Maryland School of Med. and Coll. of Phys. and Surg.—Md.1.
 University of Med., Indianapolis.—Ind.27.
 University of Medicine and Surg.—Tex.11.
 University of Memphis Med. Dept.—Tenn.15.
 University of Michigan Homeopathic Medical School.—Mich.5.
 University of Michigan Med. School.—Mich.1.
 University of Minnesota College of Homeopathic Med. and Surg.—Minn.6.
 Univ. of Minnesota Med. School.—Minn.4.
 University of Mississippi School of Med.—Miss.1.
 University of Missouri School of Med.—Mo.3.
 University of Nashville Med. Dept.—Tenn.1.
 University of Nashville and Tennessee Medical Department.—Tenn.19.
 Univ. of Nebraska Coll. of Med.—Neb.5.
 University of Nebraska College of Med., Eclectic Dept.—Neb.2.
 University of Nebraska College of Med., Homeopathic Dept.—Neb.3.
 University of Nebraska College of Med., Regular Dept.—Neb.1.
 University of New Hampshire Dept. of Medicine.—N.H.3.
 University of North Carolina School of Medicine.—N.C.1.
 University of North Dakota School of Med.—N.D.1.
 Univ. of Oklahoma School of Med.—Okla.1.
 University of Oregon Medical School.—Ore.2.
 Univ. of Pennsylvania School of Med.—Pa.1.
 Univ. of Pittsburgh School of Med.—Pa.12.
 Univ. of San Antonio Med. Dept.—Tex.9.
 Univ. of South Carolina Med. Dept.—S.C.2.
 Univ. of South Dakota Coll. of Med.—S.D.1.
 University of Southern California College of Medicine.—Cal.6.
 University of Southern California Med. Dept. (Coll. of Phys. and Surg.)—Cal.9.
 University of Spokane Falls College of Medicine.—Wash.3.
 University of St. Charles Med. Dept.—Ill.3.
 University of St. Thomas Med. Dept.—P.I.1.
 Univ. of Tennessee Coll. of Med.—Tenn.6.
 University of Texas Dept. of Med.—Tex.2.
 University of the City of New York Med. Dept.—N.Y.5.
 University of the Pacific Med. Dept.—Cal.1.
 University of the Philippines College of Med. and Surg., Manila.—P.I.2.
 Univ. of the South Med. Dept.—Tenn.11.
 University of Toronto Fac. of Med.—Ont.1.
 University of Utah School of Med.—Utah 1.
 University of Vt. Coll. of Med.—Vt.2.
 University of Virginia Dept. of Med.—Va.1.
 Univ. of Washington Med. Dept.—Wash.1.
 University of West Tennessee College of Med. and Surg.—Tenn.14.
 Univ. of Wisconsin Medical School.—Wis.5.
 University of Wooster Medical Dept.—O.11.
 Upper Canada School of Medicine.—Ont.3.
 Utah, University of, School of Med.—Utah 1.

MEDICAL COLLEGES

Valley of Virginia, Medical School of the, Winchester.—Va.2.
 Valparaiso University Medical Dept.—Ill.22.
 Vanderbilt University Med. Dept.—Tenn.5.
 Vermont Academy of Medicine.—Vt.1.
 Vermont Medical College, Rutland.—Vt.4.
 Vermont Medical College, Woodstock.—Vt.3.
 Vermont, University of, Coll. of Med.—Vt.2.
 Victoria University Medical Dept.—Ont.4.
 Virginia, Medical College of.—Va.4.
 Virginia, University of, Dept. of Med.—Va.1.
 Wake Forest Coll. School of Med.—N.C.5.
 Walden University Med. Dept.—Tenn.7.
 Washburn College Med. Dept.—Kan.3.
 Washington Biochemic Med. Coll.—Wash.2.
 Washington College Medical Dept.—Md.2.
 Washington Homeopathic Med. Coll.—D.C.5.
 Washington University Med. Dept.—Mo.2.
 Washington University School of Medicine, Baltimore.—Md.2.
 Washington, Univ. of, Med. Dept.—Wash.1.
 West Coast Medical College, San Francisco.—Cal.10.

Western College of Homeopathic Med.—O.7.
 Western Eclectic College of Medicine and Surgery, Kansas City.—Kan.7.
 Western Homeopathic Coll., Cleveland.—O.7.
 Western Pennsylvania Med. College, Pittsburgh.—Pa.12.
 Western Reserve University School of Medicine, Cleveland.—O.6.
 Western University Med. Dept.—Ont.6.
 Westminster University Coll. of Med.—Colo.4.
 West Tennessee, University of, College of Med. and Surg.—Tenn.14.
 West Virginia University School of Med.—W.Va.1.
 Wichita Medical College, Wichita.—Kan.5.
 Willamette University Med. Dept.—Ore.1.
 Williams College Medical Dept.—Mass.2.
 Willoughby University Med. Dept.—O.28.
 Winchester Medical College.—Va.3.
 Winona Medical School.—Minn.1.
 Wisconsin Coll. of Phys. and Surg.—Wis.2.
 Wisconsin Eclectic Medical School.—Wis.4.
 Wisconsin, Univ. of, Med. School.—Wis.5.
 Woman's Hospital Medical College.—Ill.9.

Woman's Medical College.—Ill.9.
 Woman's Med. Coll., Homeopathic.—Mo.23.
 Woman's Med. College of Baltimore.—Md.5.
 Woman's Med. College of Cincinnati.—O.20.
 Woman's Med. College, Kansas City.—Mo.30.
 Woman's Med. College, Kingston.—Ont.7.
 Woman's Medical College of Georgia and Training School for Nurses.—Ga.16.
 Woman's Med. Coll. of Pennsylvania.—Pa.7.
 Woman's Med. College of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children.—N.Y.14.
 Woman's Medical School of Northwestern University.—Ill.9.
 Wooster, University of, Med. Dept.—O.11.
 Worcester Medical College.—Mass.4.
 Worthington Medical College, Eclectic.—O.2.
 Yale College, Medical Institution of, New Haven.—Conn.1.
 Yale Medical School, New Haven.—Conn.1.
 Yale University School of Med.—Conn.1.
 Zanesville Academy of Medicine.—O.35.

THIRD CLASSIFICATION OF MEDICAL COLLEGES

Prepared by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association. Revised to March 1, 1921. Colleges omitted have ceased to exist by merger or otherwise.

CLASS A—ACCEPTABLE MEDICAL COLLEGES	MICHIGAN	
ARKANSAS		
Univ. of Ark. Med. Dept.....Little Rock	Detroit College of Med. and Surg....Detroit	University of Pennsylvania School of MedicinePhiladelphia
CALIFORNIA	Univ. of Michigan Med. School..Ann Arbor	Univ. of Pittsburgh School of MedicinePittsburgh
Leland Stanford Jr. University School of Medicine.....San Francisco	University of Michigan Homeopathic Medical SchoolAnn Arbor	Woman's Medical College of PennsylvaniaPhiladelphia
University of California Med. SchoolSan Francisco	MINNESOTA	SOUTH CAROLINA
COLORADO	Univ. of Minnesota Med. School..Minneapolis	Medical College of State of South CarolinaCharleston
University of Colorado School of MedicineDenver	MISSISSIPPI	SOUTH DAKOTA
CONNECTICUT	Univ. of Mississippi School of Med.*..Oxford	University of South Dakota College of Medicine*Vermillion
Yale Univ. School of Med.....New Haven	MISSOURI	TENNESSEE
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA	St. Louis Univ. School of Med....St. Louis	Univ. of Tennessee Coll. of Med...Memphis
Georgetown Univ. School of Med..Washington	Univ. of Mo. School of Med.*.....Columbia	Vanderbilt Univ. Med. Dept.....Nashville
George Washington University Medical SchoolWashington	Washington Univ. Med. School....St. Louis	TEXAS
Howard Univ. School of Med...Washington	NEBRASKA	Baylor Univ. College of Med.....Dallas
GEORGIA	John A. Creighton Med. College....Omaha	Univ. of Texas Dept. of Med.....Galveston
Emory Univ. School of Med.....Atlanta	Univ. of Nebraska Coll. of Med.....Omaha	UTAH
Univ. of Georgia Med. Dept.....Augusta	NEW HAMPSHIRE	University of Utah School of Med.*Salt Lake City
ILLINOIS	Dartmouth Medical School*.....Hanover	VERMONT
Loyola University, School of Med...Chicago	NEW YORK	Univ. of Vermont Coll. of Med..Burlington
Northwestern Univ. Med. School...Chicago	Albany Medical College.....Albany	VIRGINIA
Rush Med. Coll. (Univ. of Chicago)...Chicago	Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons.....New York City	Medical College of Virginia.....Richmond
University of Illinois Coll. of Med..Chicago	Cornell Univ. Med. College..New York City	University of Virginia Department of MedicineCharlottesville
INDIANA	Fordham University School of MedicineNew York City	WEST VIRGINIA
Indiana University School of MedicineBloomington-Indianapolis	Long Island Coll. Hospital.....Brooklyn	West Virginia University School of Med.*Morgantown
IOWA	Syracuse Univ. Coll. of Med.....Syracuse	WISCONSIN
State University of Iowa College of MedicineIowa City	University and Bellevue Hospital Med. Coll.....New York City	Marquette Univ. School of Med...Milwaukee
KANSAS	Univ. of Buffalo Dept. of Med.....Buffalo	Univ. of Wisconsin Med. School*..Madison
University of Kansas School of MedicineLawrence-Rosedale	NORTH CAROLINA	Total 70
KENTUCKY	University of North Carolina School of Medicine*.....Chapel Hill	CLASS B—COLLEGES NEEDING GENERAL IMPROVEMENTS TO BE MADE ACCEPTABLE
Univ. of Louisville Med. Dept...Louisville	Wake Forest College School of Medicine*Wake Forest	ALABAMA
LOUISIANA	NORTH DAKOTA	Univ. of Ala. School of Med.....Mobile
Tulane Univ. of Louisiana School of Medicine.....New Orleans	University of North Dakota School of Medicine*.....University	CALIFORNIA
MAINE	OHIO	College of Medical Evangelists.....Loma Linda, Los Angeles
Bowdoin Medical School..Brunswick-Portland	Ohio State Univ. Coll. of Med....Columbus	ILLINOIS
MARYLAND	Univ. of Cincinnati Coll. of Med...Cincinnati	Hahnemann Med. Coll. and Hosp...Chicago
Johns Hopkins Univ. Med. Dept...Baltimore	Western Reserve University School of MedicineCleveland	NEW YORK
Univ. of Maryland School of Med. and College of Phys. and Surgs..Baltimore	OKLAHOMA	New York Homeopathic Medical College and Flower Hosp..New York City
MASSACHUSETTS	Univ. of Oklahoma School of Med.Norman-Oklahoma City	
Boston University School of Med....Boston	OREGON	
Medical School of Harvard Univ....Boston	Univ. of Oregon Med. School....Portland	
Tufts College Medical School.....Boston	PENNSYLVANIA	
	Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia.....Philadelphia	
	Jefferson Medical College of PhiladelphiaPhiladelphia	

AMERICAN MEDICAL DIRECTORY

OHIO

Eclectic Medical College.....Cincinnati
Ohio State Univ. Coll. of Homeo.
Med.Columbus

PENNSYLVANIA

Temple Univ. Med. Dept.....Philadelphia

TENNESSEE

Meharry Medical College.....Nashville
Total 8

**CLASS C—COLLEGES REQUIRING A
COMPLETE REORGANIZATION TO
MAKE THEM ACCEPTABLE**

CALIFORNIA

College of Phys. and Surgs...San Francisco
Oakland College of Medicine and
SurgeryOakland

ILLINOIS

Chicago Medical School.....Chicago

MASSACHUSETTS

College of Phys. and Surgs.....Boston
Middlesex College of Medicine and
SurgeryCambridge

MISSOURI

Kansas City University of Physicians
and Surgeons*.....Kansas City
St. Louis College of Physicians and
SurgeonsSt. Louis

TENNESSEE

University of West Tennessee College
of Medicine and Surgery.....Memphis
Total 8

Note.—Official statements from the follow-
ing state licensing boards indicate that as a
rule the colleges rated in Class C are not

recognized: Alabama; Arkansas (Reg.);
Colorado; Connecticut (Reg.); Delaware;
Florida (Reg.); Georgia; Idaho; Illi-
nois; Indiana; Iowa; Kansas; Kentucky;
Louisiana (Reg.); Maine; Maryland (Reg.);
Michigan; Minnesota; Mississippi; Missouri;
Montana; New Hampshire; New Jersey;
New Mexico; New York; North Carolina;
North Dakota; Ohio; Oklahoma; Oregon;
Pennsylvania; Porto Rico; Rhode Island;
South Carolina; South Dakota; Tennessee;
Texas; Vermont; Virginia; West Virginia;
Wisconsin.

The licensing boards of Alabama, Dela-
ware, Florida, Kentucky, Montana, New
Hampshire, North Carolina, Rhode Island,
South Carolina and Virginia report that
they recognize only the medical colleges
listed in Class A.

* Gives only the first two years of the
medical course.

HISTORICAL MATTER ON MEDICAL COLLEGES

Number of Colleges Existing, 86; Extinct, 366. Titles of Existing Colleges are in Black Letters.

MEDICAL COLLEGES OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

ALABAMA

Ala. 1.—Graftonburg Institute, Dadeville. Chartered 1852. First class graduated in 1856. Extinct 1862.

Ala. 2.—University of Alabama School of Medicine, Tuscaloosa. Organized 1859 at Mobile as the Medical College of Alabama, first class graduated 1860, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1862-65, inclusive; reorganized as Medical Department of the University of Alabama in 1897. All property was transferred to University of Alabama in 1907, when present title was assumed. Removed to Tuscaloosa in 1920 when teaching of the clinical years was suspended. The dean is Dr. Clyde Brooks. Total registration, 1919-20, 51, graduates, 10.

Ala. 3.—Southern University, Medical Department, Greensboro. Organized 1872. Extinct 1880.

Ala. 4.—Birmingham Medical College, Birmingham. Chartered in 1894. The first class graduated in 1895. In 1913 became the Graduate School of Medicine of the University of Alabama. Ceased teaching undergraduate students in 1915.

Ala. 5.—Medical College Montezuma University, Bessemer. Organized 1896, first class graduated 1897, second class 1898. Extinct September, 1898.

ARKANSAS

Ark. 1.—University of Arkansas Medical Department, Little Rock. Organized 1879, first class graduated in 1880, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Original title of Arkansas Industrial University changed to present title in 1899 by legislative enactment. In July, 1911, it merged with the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and the school became an integral part of the University of Arkansas. The dean is Dr. Morgan Smith. Total registration, 1919-20, 31; graduates, 6.

Ark. 2.—College of Physicians and Surgeons, Little Rock. This college was organized in 1906. Classes were graduated from 1907 to 1911, inclusive, when it was merged with the University of Arkansas Medical Department.

Ark. 3.—Bethel Medical Department, Southwestern University, Little Rock. Extinct about 1890.

Ark. 5.—Medical Department of Sulphur Rock College, Sulphur Rock. Organized 1898. No graduates. In 1902 removed to Texarkana and under new charter became the Gate City Medical College. (See Tex. 7.)

CALIFORNIA

Cal. 1.—Cooper Medical College, San Francisco. Organized 1858 as Medical De-

partment of University of the Pacific. Discontinued 1864, revived 1870, became Medical Department University College of San Francisco 1873, title of Medical College of the Pacific. Above title assumed in 1882. First class graduated 1860, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1865-1869. In 1908 it united with Leland Stanford Junior University. It retained the title of Cooper Medical College, however, until the class of 1912 was graduated. (See Cal. 11.)

Cal. 2.—University of California Medical School, Berkeley and San Francisco. Organized 1863 as Toland Medical College. First class graduated in 1865, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1872 became Medical Department, University of California. In 1909 the University of Southern California College of Medicine merged as the Los Angeles Medical Department. This Los Angeles portion was changed to a graduate school in 1914. In 1915 the Hahnemann Medical College of the Pacific was merged, and elective chairs in homeopathic materia medica and therapeutics were provided for. The work of the first year and a half is given at Berkeley and that of the last two and one-half years at San Francisco. Since 1914 the course has included a fifth year consisting of internship, or of special work in a department of the medical school. The dean is Dr. Herbert C. Moffit, San Francisco. Total registration for 1919-20, 214; graduates, 21.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Cal. 3.—California Medical Society and College of Physicians, San Francisco. Incorporated 1876. No graduates. Extinct 1877.

Cal. 4.—California Eclectic Medical College, Los Angeles. Organized 1879 at Oakland as the California Medical College. First class graduated 1880, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1907. Removed to San Francisco in 1887. Suspended in 1906. Reorganized at Los Angeles in 1907 with above title. Extinct in 1915.

Cal. 5.—Hahnemann Medical College of the Pacific, San Francisco. Homeopathic. Organized 1881 as Hahnemann Medical College. First class graduated 1884, and a class graduated each subsequent year; last class in 1918. Name changed in 1888 to Hahnemann Hospital College of San Francisco. In 1902 assumed present name. In 1915 it merged with the University of California Medical School.

Cal. 6.—University of Southern California College of Medicine, Los Angeles. Founded 1885. First class graduated in 1888, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Early in 1909 it merged with the University of California as the Los Angeles Medical Department. Graduated its last class in 1914 when it was changed to a Graduate School of Medicine.

Cal. 7.—College of Physicians and Surgeons of San Francisco. Organized 1896. First class graduated 1897, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Suspended medical teaching in 1918 but retains nominal existence to grant degrees to three remaining classes which are being taught elsewhere.

Cal. 8.—Oakland College of Medicine and Surgery, Oakland. Organized 1900, opened in 1902; first class graduated in 1906. Suspended medical teaching in 1918 but retains nominal existence to grant degrees to three remaining classes which are being taught elsewhere.

Cal. 9.—College of Physicians and Surgeons (Medical Department of the University of Southern California), Los Angeles. Organized 1903. First class graduated 1905. In 1909 it became the Medical Department of the University of Southern California. Suspended in 1920.

Cal. 10.—Pacific Coast Regular College of Medicine, San Francisco. Organized in 1900. Name changed same year to West Coast Medical College. Reported fraudulent. Extinct in 1907.

Cal. 11.—Leland Stanford Junior University School of Medicine, Palo Alto and San Francisco. Organized in 1908 when, by an agreement, the interests of Cooper Medical College were eventually to be taken over. The latter continued teaching until 1912. First class graduated in 1913. Beginning with the session of 1914-15, the course has included a fifth year devoted to practical or intern work. The dean is Dr. Wm. Ophuls, Sacramento and Webster Sts., San Francisco. Total registration in 1919-20, 137; graduates, 20.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Cal. 12.—College of Medical Evangelists, Loma Linda. Organized 1909. First class graduated in 1914. The president is Dr. Newton Evans. Total registration for 1919-1920, 101; graduates, 14.

COLORADO

Colo. 1.—Denver College of Medicine. Organized 1881. First class graduated 1882, and a class graduated each subsequent year to 1902, when it merged with Gross Medical College to form the Denver and Gross College of Medicine.

Colo. 2.—University of Colorado School of Medicine, Boulder and Denver. Opened 1883 as the Colorado School of Medicine. First class graduated 1885, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1898-99. On Jan. 1, 1911, through the union with the Denver and Gross College of Medicine, provision was made for conducting the two clinical years of the course in Denver. The dean is Dr. Charles N. Meader. Total registration for 1919-20, 71; graduates, 17.

MEDICAL COLLEGES

Colo. 3.—Gross Medical College, Denver. Organized in 1887 as Medical Department Rocky Mountain University; a class graduated 1888, and each subsequent year until 1902, when it consolidated with the Denver College of Medicine, to former Denver and Gross College of Medicine.

Colo. 4.—Denver College of Physicians and Surgeons, Denver. Organized 1894, as the Denver Homeopathic College. First class graduated 1895, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1907 it became nonsectarian as the Westminster University College of Medicine. Took above name in 1908. Extinct in 1909.

Colo. 5.—Denver and Gross College of Medicine, Medical Department, University of Denver. Formed in 1902 by union of Gross Medical College with the Denver College of Medicine. First class graduated 1903. On Jan. 1, 1911, it united with the University of Colorado School of Medicine.

CONNECTICUT

Conn. 1.—Yale University School of Medicine (Yale Medical School), New Haven, chartered in 1810 as Medical Institution of Yale College. Organized in 1812. Instruction began in 1813. First class graduated 1814, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1879 a new charter changed its name to the Medical Department of Yale College. In 1884 the Connecticut Medical Society surrendered its authority to the College. In 1887 Yale College became Yale University. The dean is Dr. Milton C. Winternitz. The total registration for 1919-20 was 88; graduates, 19.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

D. C. 1.—George Washington University Medical School, Washington. Organized 1825 as the Medical Department of Columbian College; it was also subsequently authorized to use the name National Medical College. First class graduated 1826, and classes graduated all subsequent years except 1834-38 and 1861-63. Title changed to Medical Department of Columbian University in 1878. It absorbed the National University Medical Department in 1903. In 1904, by an act of Congress, it became the Department of Medicine of George Washington University. The dean is Dr. William C. Borden. The total registration 1919-20 was 114.; graduates, 21.

D. C. 2.—Georgetown University School of Medicine, Washington. Organized 1851. First class graduated 1852, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. George M. Kober. The registration for 1919-20 was 120; graduates, 19.

D. C. 3.—Howard University School of Medicine, Washington. Chartered in 1867. Organized in 1869. The first class graduated 1871, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Colored students compose a majority of those in attendance. The dean is Dr. Edward A. Balloch. Registration for 1919-20 was 113; graduates, 27.

For Special Announcement see page 4

D. C. 4.—National University Medical Department, Washington. Organized 1884, first class graduated 1885, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Merged into the Columbian University Medical Department in 1903.

D. C. 5.—Washington Homeopathic Medical College. Organized 1893 as the National Homeopathic Medical College. First class graduated 1894 and classes graduated all subsequent years. In 1896 it took the above title. Last class, numbering 10 students, graduated in 1896, when it became extinct.

FLORIDA

Fla. 1.—Tallahassee College of Medicine and Surgery, Medical Department of the University of Florida, Jacksonville. Organized at Tallahassee 1883, removed to Jacksonville 1885. Extinct 1886.

GEORGIA

Ga. 1.—University of Georgia Medical Department, Augusta. Medical Academy of Georgia, organized 1828. Name changed to Medical College of Georgia in 1829. Present title in 1873. First class graduated in 1833,

and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1862 and 1863. Became integral part of the University of Georgia in 1911. The dean is Dr. William H. Doughty, Jr. Total enrollment for 1919-20 was 174; graduates, 28.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Ga. 2.—Southern Botanic-Medical College, Macon. Chartered 1839. First located at Forsythe. Removed to Macon 1846. First class graduated 1841. A class graduated each year until 1854. Name then changed to Reform Medical College of Georgia. Classes graduated to 1861. Suspended during Civil War. Resumed 1867. Classes graduated 1868 to 1874, when name of College of American Medicine and Surgery was assumed. No classes graduated 1877 to 1881. Removed to Atlanta in 1881. In 1884 charter was transferred to Georgia College of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery.

Ga. 3.—Thompsonian College, Barbourville. Organized 1850. Extinct.

Ga. 4.—Savannah Medical College. Incorporated 1838, organized 1853, charter amended 1857, suspended 1861-66. Extinct 1880.

Ga. 5.—Emory University School of Medicine, Atlanta. Organized 1854 as the Atlanta Medical College. Classes graduated 1855 to 1861, inclusive. Suspended 1861. Reorganized 1865. A class graduated in 1865, and a class graduated in each subsequent year. United with Southern Medical College in 1898 to form Atlanta College of Physicians and Surgeons. In 1913 the Atlanta College of Physicians and Surgeons merged with the Atlanta School of Medicine, reassuming the name of Atlanta Medical College. Became Medical Department of Emory University in 1915; assumed present title in 1917. The dean is Dr. W. S. Elkin. Total registration for 1919-20 was 64; graduates, 15.

Ga. 6.—Oglethorpe Medical College, Savannah. Organized 1856. Extinct 1861.

Ga. 7.—Reform Medical College, Macon. (See Ga. 2.)

Ga. 8.—College of American Medicine and Surgery. (See Ga. 2.)

Ga. 9.—Georgia College of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery, Atlanta. Organized 1877 as Georgia Eclectic Medical College. Acquired charter College of American Medicine and Surgery 1884. Assumed present name 1886. First class graduated 1878, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1916, when it became extinct.

Ga. 10.—Southern Medical College, Atlanta. Organized 1878. First class graduated 1880, and a class graduated each year until 1898, when it united with Atlanta Medical College to form Atlanta College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Ga. 11.—Atlanta College of Physicians and Surgeons. Formed in 1898 by union of Atlanta Medical College and Southern Medical College. First class graduated in 1899 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1913, when it merged with the Atlanta School of Medicine to form the Atlanta Medical College.

Ga. 12.—Atlanta School of Medicine. Organized 1905. First class graduated 1906 and a class graduated each subsequent year, including 1913, when it merged with the Atlanta College of Physicians and Surgeons under the name of Atlanta Medical College.

Ga. 13.—Middle Georgia Medical College, Griffin. Incorporated Dec. 19, 1859. Extinct.

Ga. 14.—Dalton Medical College, Dalton. Incorporated March 2, 1866. Extinct.

Ga. 15.—Clark University Medical Department, Atlanta. Chartered in 1886. No graduates. Extinct.

Ga. 16.—Woman's Medical College of Georgia and Training School for Nurses, Atlanta. Organized in 1889 and graduated a class the following year. In 1890-91 graduated seven out of ten matriculants. Extinct.

Ga. 17.—International Medical Missionary College and Training School for Nurses, Atlanta. Organized in 1904. Classes were graduated in 1906, 1907 and 1908, when it suspended.

Ga. 18.—Hospital Medical College, Eclectic, Atlanta. Chartered 1908. The first class graduated in 1909. In 1911 it became extinct.

Ga. 19.—Southern College of Medicine and Surgery, Atlanta. Organized 1911. First class graduated in 1912. Extinct in 1914.

ILLINOIS

Ill. 1.—Rush Medical College, Chicago. Chartered 1837, organized 1843, first class graduated 1844 and a class graduated each subsequent year. Became Medical Department Lake Forest University 1887. Affiliated with the University of Chicago 1898. Since 1914-15 the course has included a fifth year consisting of a hospital internship or of a fellowship in one of the departments. The dean is Dr. John M. Dodson. Total registration 1919-20 was 672; graduates, 115.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Ill. 2.—Medical Department of Illinois College, Jacksonville. Organized 1843. Suspended 1848. Had 37 graduates.

Ill. 3.—Medical Department of the University of St. Charles, St. Charles. Organized 1844. Extinct in 1845.

Ill. 4.—Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Chicago, Homeopathic. Organized 1859. First class graduated 1861, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1904 this college absorbed the Chicago Homeopathic Medical College. The dean is Dr. Joseph P. Cobb. Total registration 1919-20 was 48; graduates, 9.

Ill. 5.—College of Medicine and Surgery (Physio-Medical), Chicago. Organized in 1885 as the Chicago Physio-Medical Institute. The first class graduated in 1886. In 1891 the name was changed to the Chicago Physio-Medical College. In 1899 it absorbed the Chicago College of Medicine and Surgery (Physio-Medical) (Ill. 20), and assumed the above title. Physio-Medical College of Dallas, Tex., was combined with it in 1908. In 1911 it was absorbed by the Chicago College of Medicine and Surgery. (Ill. 22.)

Ill. 6.—Northwestern University Medical School, Chicago. Organized 1859 as Medical Department Lind University. First class graduated 1860 and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1864 became independent as the Chicago Medical College. In 1905 it became an integral part of Northwestern University, with which it had been affiliated since 1869. Present title in 1891. Since 1915 the course has included a fifth year spent in a hospital as an intern or in other practical work. The dean is Dr. Arthur I. Kendall. The total registration for 1919-20 was 408; graduates, 73.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Ill. 7.—Edinburg University, Chicago. Incorporated 1862 as the Chicago Northwestern College, became Edinburg University 1870. Fraudulent. Extinct.

Ill. 8.—Bennett Medical College, Chicago. Organized 1868 as the Bennett College of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery. Eclecticism dropped and title of Bennett Medical College assumed in 1909. First class graduated in 1870, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Absorbed the Illinois Medical College in 1910 and the Reliance Medical College in 1911. In 1910 it became by affiliation the School of Medicine of Loyola University; the university assumed full control in 1915.

Ill. 9.—Northwestern University Woman's Medical School, Chicago. Organized 1870 as Woman's Hospital Medical College. The word "Hospital" was dropped from the title in 1879. First class graduated 1871, a class graduated each year thereafter except 1873. Became Woman's Medical School of Northwestern University in 1892. Last class graduated in 1902, when the college became extinct.

Ill. 10.—Chicago Homeopathic Medical College. Organized 1876, first class graduated 1877, and a class graduated each subsequent year, including 1904, when it merged with Hahnemann Medical College.

Ill. 11.—University of Illinois College of Medicine, Chicago. Organized 1882 as the College of Physicians and Surgeons. First class graduated 1883, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Became Medical Department of the University of Illinois by affiliation in 1897 and an integral part in 1910. The American Medical Missionary College was absorbed in 1910. University assumed full control in 1911, when the present title was assumed. Relationship canceled in June, 1912, but restored in March, 1913. The dean is Dr. Albert C. Eycleshymer. Total registration for 1910-20 was 270; graduates, 85.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Ill. 12.—Chaddock School of Medicine, Quincy. Organized 1882, as the Quincy College of Medicine, reorganized 1888, taking the above title. First class graduated in 1883, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1890, when it became extinct.

Ill. 13.—Harvey Medical College, Chicago. Chartered 1891; new charter 1894; first class graduated 1895, and a class graduated each subsequent year, including 1905, when it became extinct. It was a night school.

Ill. 14.—National Medical University, Chicago. Incorporated Aug. 22, 1891, as the National Homeopathic Medical College. Dropped the word "Homeopathic" in 1895 and in 1900 took the above title. First class graduated 1892, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Declared not in good standing by the Illinois State Board of Health in April, 1909.

Ill. 15.—Hering Medical College, Chicago. Homeopathic. Organized 1892, first class graduated 1893, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1902 absorbed Dunham Medical College. Closed in 1913.

Ill. 16.—Jenner Medical College, Chicago. Organized 1892, first class graduated 1896, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Last class graduated in 1918; extinct.

Ill. 17.—Illinois Medical College, Chicago. Organized 1894, first class graduated 1895, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1910, when it was absorbed by Bennett Medical College.

Ill. 18.—Dunham Medical College, Chicago. Organized 1895, first class graduated 1896, a class graduated each subsequent year including 1902, when it merged with the Hering Medical College.

Ill. 19.—American Medical Missionary College, Chicago. Organized 1895, first class graduated 1899. The first two years were carried on at Battle Creek, Mich., and the clinical studies in Chicago. The last class graduated in 1910, when it was absorbed by the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Ill. 20.—Chicago College of Medicine and Surgery, Physio-Medical. Organized 1897, no classes graduated. In 1899 it merged with the Chicago Physio-Medical College to form the College of Medicine and Surgery, Physio-Medical.

Ill. 21.—Independent Medical College, Chicago. "Diploma mill," charter revoked 1899. Fraudulent.

Ill. 22.—Chicago College of Medicine and Surgery, Chicago. Organized in 1901 as the American College of Medicine and Surgery (Chicago Eclectic Medical College). In 1902 the part of the names in parentheses was dropped and it became by affiliation the Medical Department of Valparaiso University. Dropped eclecticism in 1905. Assumed title of Chicago College of Medicine and Surgery in 1907. Absorbed the College of Medicine and Surgery, Physio-Medical (Ill. 5), in 1911. First class graduated 1903, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Merged with Loyola University School of Medicine in 1917. (Do not confuse with Ill. 20.)

Ill. 23.—Dearborn Medical College, Chicago. Organized 1903, first class graduated 1904, a class graduated each subsequent year including 1907, when it became extinct.

Ill. 24.—College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Upper Mississippi, Rock Island. Organized in 1848. First class graduated in 1849, when it was removed to Keokuk with the title of the College of Physicians and Surgeons. (See Ia. 1.)

Ill. 25.—Northwestern College of Midwifery, Chicago. Organized in 1875. Fraudulent. Removed to Indianapolis in 1878 and became the Indiana College of Medicine and Midwifery. Extinct 1888. (See Ind. 24.)

Ill. 26.—Chicago College of Science. Organized in 1888. Extinct 1889. Fraudulent.

Ill. 27.—National University of Illinois, Chicago. Organized 1889. Extinct 1890. Fraudulent.

Ill. 28.—German College of Medicine and Obstetrics, Chicago. Chartered Feb. 19, 1891, by Johann Malok. Fraudulent. Extinct.

Ill. 29.—German Homeopathic Medical College, Chicago. Chartered Dec. 9, 1891, by Johann Malok. Fraudulent. Extinct.

Ill. 30.—German Medical College, Chicago. Chartered Dec. 28, 1891, by Johann Malok. Fraudulent. Extinct.

Ill. 31.—German Academy of Psychiatric Physicians, Chicago. Chartered in 1892 by Johann Malok. Fraudulent. Extinct.

Ill. 32.—German-American Homeopathic Medical College, Chicago. Chartered in 1892 by Johann Malok. Fraudulent. Extinct.

Ill. 33.—German College of Gynecology, Pediatrics and Obstetrics, Chicago. Chartered in 1892 by Johann Malok. Fraudulent. Extinct.

Ill. 34.—International Medical Missionary Institute, Chicago. Organized about 1895. Extinct.

Ill. 35.—Illinois Health University, Chicago. Organized by "J. Armstrong, M.D., President," et al. Charter revoked April 3, 1897. Fraudulent. Succeeded by the Independent Medical College. (See Ill. 21 and Ill. 37.)

Ill. 36.—Illinois Standard College of Medicine and Surgery, Chicago. Existed about 1898. Extinct.

Ill. 37.—Metropolitan Medical College, Chicago. Organized in 1899 by "J. Armstrong, M.D., President," et al. Closed by injunction 1900. Fraudulent.

Ill. 38.—Dutton Medical College, Chicago. Operated from 1899 to about 1903. Fraudulent. Extinct.

Ill. 39.—Reliance Medical College, Chicago. A night school organized in 1907. First class graduated 1909. Last class graduated in 1911, when it was absorbed by the Bennett Medical College.

Ill. 40.—Scientific Medical College, Chicago. Incorporated 1898. This and the International University of Chicago (for which no charter is reported) were successors to the Metropolitan Medical College, conducted by "J. Armstrong, M.D." et al. Fraudulent. Closed by postal authorities in 1900.

Ill. 41.—Lombard College Medical Department, Galesburg. Organized in 1903, held one session, when 20 students were enrolled. Gave only one year of the medical course.

Ill. 42.—Chicago Medical School, Chicago. Organized in 1911 as the Chicago Hospital College of Medicine, chartered in 1912. The first class graduated in 1915. In 1917 was advertised also under the name "Fort Dearborn Hospital Medical School." Present title assumed in 1919. Reported not recognized by the licensing boards of 39 states.

Ill. 43.—Loyola University School of Medicine, Chicago. Organized in 1910 when the Bennett Medical College became by affiliation the Loyola University School of Medicine; the University assumed full control in 1915. The Chicago College of Medicine and Surgeon (Ill. 22) was purchased in 1917. The first class graduated in 1916. The dean is Dr. Louis D. Moorehead. Total registration 1919-20, 204; graduates, 23.

INDIANA

Ind. 1.—Indiana Medical College, La Porte. Organized 1844, as the Medical Department of La Porte University, taking the present name in 1845. Extinct 1849.

Ind. 2.—Medical College of Evansville. Organized 1849, first class graduated 1850, classes graduated to 1854; suspended 1854-1871, reorganized and classes graduated from 1873 to 1884, when it became extinct.

Ind. 3.—Indiana Central Medical College, Medical Department Asbury University, Greencastle. Organized 1850, extinct 1854.

Ind. 4.—Indiana Medical College, Indianapolis. Organized 1869, first class graduated 1870 and a class graduated each subsequent year to 1878, when it united with the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Indiana to form the Medical College of Indiana.

Ind. 5.—Physio-Medical College of Indiana, Indianapolis. Organized 1873, first class graduated in 1874, and a class graduated in each subsequent year including 1909, when it became extinct.

Ind. 6.—College of Physicians and Surgeons of Indiana, Indianapolis. Organized 1873, first class 1874, a class graduated each year to and including 1878, when it joined Indiana Medical college to form Medical College of Indiana.

Ind. 7.—Medical College of Fort Wayne. Organized 1876, classes graduated 1877-83, when it became extinct.

Ind. 8.—Medical College of Indiana, Indianapolis. Organized 1878 by the union of the Indiana Medical College and the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Indiana. First class graduated 1879, class graduated each subsequent year. Medical Department Butler University 1879 to 1883. Medical Department University of Indianapolis 1895 to 1905, when it merged with Central College of Physicians and Surgeons and Fort Wayne College of Medicine to form Indiana Medical College, School of Medicine of Purdue University.

Ind. 9.—Central College of Physicians and Surgeons, Indianapolis. Organized 1879, first class graduated 1880, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1905 merged with Fort Wayne College of Medicine and Medical College of Indiana to form Indiana Medical College, School of Medicine of Purdue University.

Ind. 10.—Fort Wayne College of Medicine, Fort Wayne. Organized 1879, first class graduated 1880, class graduated each subsequent year except 1899. In 1905 merged with Medical College of Indiana and Central College of Physicians and Surgeons to form Indiana Medical College, School of Medicine of Purdue University.

Ind. 11.—Indiana Eclectic Medical College, Indianapolis. Organized 1880, absorbed Beach Medical Institute in 1886. Closed 1890.

Ind. 12.—Curtis Physio-Medical Institute, Marion. Incorporated in 1881, first class graduated in 1882. A new charter was obtained and the school was moved to Indianapolis, where classes were graduated in 1893 and 1894. Returned to Marion in 1894. Extinct in 1900.

Ind. 13.—Hospital Medical College of Evansville. Organized 1882, first class 1883, extinct 1886.

Ind. 15.—Beach Medical Institute, Indianapolis. Organized in 1883 as the Beach Medical College. Took above name in 1884. Merged with Indiana Eclectic Medical College 1886, one class graduated 1885.

Ind. 16.—Eclectic College of Physicians and Surgeons, Indianapolis. Organized 1890, first class graduated 1891 and a class graduated each subsequent year to 1894, when it became extinct.

Ind. 17.—Eclectic Medical College of Indiana, Indianapolis. This school was organized in 1900. First class graduated 1903. A class graduated each subsequent year including 1908, when it suspended, owing to recognition having been withdrawn by the Indiana State Board of Medical Examiners.

MEDICAL COLLEGES

Ind. 18.—Indiana Medical College, School of Medicine of Purdue University, Indianapolis. Founded 1905 by union of Central College of Physicians and Surgeons, Fort Wayne College of Medicine, and Medical College of Indiana. Classes graduated 1906-1907. In 1908 it merged into the Indiana University School of Medicine.

Ind. 19.—American Medical College, Indianapolis. Organized 1894. A class graduated each year from 1895 to 1897, inclusive, when it became extinct.

Ind. 20.—Indiana University School of Medicine, Bloomington and Indianapolis. Organized in 1903, but did not give all of the work of the first two years of the medical course until 1905. In 1907, by union with the State College of Physicians and Surgeons, the complete course in medicine was offered. In 1908 the Indiana Medical College, which was formed in 1905 by the merger of the Medical College of Indiana (organized in 1878), the Central College of Physicians and Surgeons (organized in 1879) and the Fort Wayne College of Medicine (organized in 1879) merged into it. First class graduated in 1908, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The work of the first year is given at Bloomington and that of the last three years at Indianapolis. A fifth (optional) year leading to the "M.D. cum laude" is also offered. The secretary at Bloomington is Dr. B. D. Myers; the dean is Dr. Charles P. Emerson, Indianapolis. The total registration for 1919-20 was 234; graduates, 48.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Ind. 21.—State College of Physicians and Surgeons, Indianapolis, in affiliation with the Indiana University. Was organized in the spring of 1906. Graduated one class in 1907, when it united with the Indiana University School of Medicine.

Ind. 23.—University of Indiana, New Albany. Organized in 1833 by one John C. Bennett. Fraudulent. Extinct.

Ind. 24.—Indiana College of Medicine and Midwifery, Indianapolis. Chartered in 1878 by one Charles P. Heil. Extinct about 1888.

Ind. 26.—See Ind. 12.

Ind. 27.—University of Medicine, Indianapolis. Organized 1897. First class graduated in 1898. No evidence of other classes. Reported as not recognized during its existence by the Indiana State Board of Medical Examiners. Extinct.

IOWA

Iowa 1.—College of Physicians and Surgeons, Keokuk. Organized at Rock Island in 1848 as Medical Department of the University of the Upper Mississippi. In 1849 moved to Keokuk as College of Physicians and Surgeons. First class graduated at Rock Island 1849, next class at Keokuk 1850. A class graduated each subsequent year including 1899. In 1854 became Medical Department University of Iowa. In 1870 resumed name of College of Physicians and Surgeons. In 1899 merged with Keokuk Medical College to form Keokuk Medical College, College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Iowa 2.—Iowa Medical College, Keokuk. Organized 1858. Extinct 1860.

Iowa 3.—State University of Iowa College of Medicine, Iowa City. Organized 1869, first session 1870. First class graduated 1871, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1913 absorbed Drake University College of Medicine. The dean is Dr. Lee Wallace Dean. Total registration for 1919-20 was 239; graduates, 53.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Iowa 4.—State University of Iowa College of Homeopathic Medicine, Iowa City. Organized 1877, first class graduated 1878, and a class graduated each subsequent year, except 1914. Abolished in 1919, when an elective chair in homeopathic materia medica and therapeutics was established in the College of Medicine (Iowa 3).

Iowa 6.—Drake University College of Medicine, Des Moines.—Organized in 1881 as the Iowa Eclectic Medical College, the Medical Department of Drake University. In 1883 assumed the name of Iowa Medical College, Eclectic. First class graduated in 1883. Extinct in 1887. Meanwhile, in 1882,

the Iowa College of Physicians and Surgeons was organized. First class graduated in 1883. In 1887 this college became the Medical Department of Drake University, following the suspension of the Iowa Medical College, Eclectic. In 1903 the name was changed to Drake University College of Medicine. Absorbed the Keokuk Medical College, College of Physicians and Surgeons, in 1908. In 1913 merged with the State University of Iowa College of Medicine.

Iowa 7.—King Eclectic Medical College, Des Moines. Organized 1883, first class graduated 1884. Extinct about 1889.

Iowa 8.—Sioux City College of Medicine. Organized 1890, first class graduated 1893, a class graduated each subsequent year including 1909, when it became extinct.

Iowa 9.—Keokuk Medical College. Organized 1890, first class graduated 1891, classes graduated each year, including 1899, when it merged with College of Physicians and Surgeons to form Keokuk Medical College, College of Physicians and Surgeons.

Iowa 10.—Keokuk Medical College, College of Physicians and Surgeons. Formed 1899 by union of Keokuk Medical College and the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Keokuk. First class graduated 1900, a class graduated each subsequent year including 1908, when it was absorbed by Drake University College of Medicine at Des Moines.

Iowa 11.—Council Bluffs Medical College, Council Bluffs. Organized 1893. Extinct 1895. No graduates.

KANSAS

Kan. 1.—Kansas Medical College, Independence. Organized 1872, graduated two classes. Extinct 1875.

Kan. 2.—University of Kansas School of Medicine, Lawrence and Rosedale. Organized 1880, preparatory course until 1905, when the Kansas City (Mo.) Medical College, the College of Physicians and Surgeons, and the Medico-Chirurgical College of Kansas City were absorbed. First class graduated 1906, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1913 absorbed the Kansas Medical College. The associate dean is Dr. Mervin T. Sudler, Rosedale. The number of students registered for 1919-20 was 133; graduates, 23.

Kan. 3.—Kansas Medical College, Topeka. Organized 1890, first class graduated 1892, and class graduated each subsequent year except 1901, when a four years' course was begun. In 1903 it became Medical Department of Washburn College. In 1913 merged with the University of Kansas School of Medicine.

Kan. 4.—College of Physicians and Surgeons, Medical Department Kansas City University, Kansas City. Organized 1894, first class graduated 1895, class graduated each subsequent year, including 1905, when it was absorbed by the University of Kansas School of Medicine.

Kan. 5.—Wichita Medical College, Wichita. Organized in 1889. Suspended after one session. No graduates.

Kan. 6.—Kansas City College of Medicine and Surgery, Kansas City. Organized 1897. A class graduated 1898, when it moved to Kansas City, Mo., and became the Medico-Chirurgical College. (See Mo. 32.)

Kan. 7.—Eclectic Medical University, Kansas City. Organized in 1898 in Kansas City, Mo., first class graduated in 1900. Removed to Kansas City, Kan., in 1907. In 1908 assumed the name Western Eclectic College of Medicine and Surgery. Returned to Kansas City, Mo., in 1909 and resumed its first title. (See Mo. 33.)

KENTUCKY

Ky. 1.—Kentucky School of Medicine, Louisville. Organized 1817 at Lexington as Medical Department Transylvania University, first class graduated 1817, and classes graduated each subsequent year until after organization of the Kentucky School of Medicine. Succeeded in 1850 by Kentucky School of Medicine of Louisville, first class

graduated in 1851 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1908, when it merged into the Medical Department of the University of Louisville.

Ky. 2.—University of Louisville Medical Department, Louisville. Organized 1837 as Louisville Medical Institute; first class graduated 1838 and classes graduated each subsequent year except 1863; became Medical Department University of Louisville in 1846. In 1907 the Kentucky University Medical Department and in 1908 the Kentucky School of Medicine and the Louisville and Hospital Medical Colleges merged into it. The dean is Dr. Henry Enos Tuley. Total registration for 1919-20 was 132; graduates, 25.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Ky. 3.—Eclectic Medical College, Louisville. Chartered 1848. Extinct.

Ky. 4.—Louisville Medical College, Louisville. Organized 1869, first class graduated 1870 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1907, when it merged with the Hospital College of Medicine, forming the Louisville and Hospital Medical College.

Ky. 5.—Hospital College of Medicine, Medical Department Central University of Kentucky, Louisville. Organized 1874, first class graduated 1875, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1907, when it merged with the Louisville Medical College to form the Louisville and Hospital Medical College.

Ky. 6.—Jefferson School of Medicine, Louisville. Organized 1882, graduated one class and suspended.

Ky. 7.—Louisville National Medical College, Medical Department State University, Louisville. (Colored.) Organized 1888, first class graduated 1889. State University Medical Department was merged with it in 1903. Last class graduated in 1912. Extinct.

Ky. 8.—Southwestern Homeopathic Medical College and Hospital, Louisville. Organized 1892, first class graduated 1894, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1910, when it became extinct.

Ky. 9.—Kentucky University Medical Department, Louisville. Organized 1898, first class graduated 1899, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1906. It merged into the Medical Department of the University of Louisville in 1907.

Ky. 10.—Medical Department, State University (Colored), Louisville. Organized in 1899. In 1903 it merged with the Louisville National Medical College.

Ky. 11.—Louisville and Hospital Medical College, Louisville. Organized in 1907 by the union of the Louisville Medical College and the Hospital College of Medicine. A class graduated in 1908, when this college merged into the Medical Department of the University of Louisville.

LOUISIANA

La. 1.—Tulane University of Louisiana School of Medicine, New Orleans. Organized in 1834 as Medical College of Louisiana, first class graduated 1835, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1863-65. Transferred to Medical Department University of Louisiana 1847, became Medical Department of the Tulane University of Louisiana in 1884. Present title in 1913, when it became the School of Medicine of the College of Medicine of the Tulane University of Louisiana. The dean is Dr. Isadore Dyer. The registration for 1919-20 was 325; graduates, 81.

For Special Announcement see page 4

La. 2.—New Orleans School of Medicine. Organized 1856. Extinct 1870.

La. 3.—Charity Hospital Medical College, New Orleans. Organized 1873. Extinct 1877.

La. 4.—Flint Medical College of New Orleans University (Colored), New Orleans. Organized 1889 as the Medical College of New Orleans University. First class graduated 1892, and classes graduated each subsequent year except 1896 and 1911. Name changed to the above in 1901. Suspended in 1911.

MAINE

Ma. 1.—Bowdoin Medical School (Medical Department of Bowdoin College), Brunswick and Portland. Organized 1820 as the Medical School of Maine, first class graduated 1821, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Present title assumed in 1915. The work of the first two years is given at Bowdoin College, Brunswick, and that of the last two years at Portland. The dean is Dr. Addison S. Thayer, Portland. Total registration for 1919-20 was 43; graduates, 10.

Me. 2.—Eclectic Medical College of Maine, Lewiston. Incorporated 1880, charter revoked by State Legislature in 1887.

Me. 4.—Portland School for Medical Instruction, Portland. A preparatory school only. Organized 1856, chartered 1858. Extinct 1902. Did not grant degrees.

MARYLAND

Md. 1.—University of Maryland School of Medicine and the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Baltimore. Organized 1807 as the College of Medicine of Maryland, first class graduated 1810, and classes graduated each subsequent year. In 1812 became University of Maryland School of Medicine. It took over the Baltimore Medical College in 1913. In 1915 the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Baltimore was merged and the present title assumed. The dean is Dr. J. M. H. Rowland. The total registration in 1919-20 was 244; graduates, 59.

Md. 2.—Washington University School of Medicine, Baltimore. Organized 1827 as Medical Department Washington College, Washington, Pa. First class graduated 1828, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1840 the above title was assumed. In 1851 became extinct. Reorganized in 1867; in 1877 merged with College of Physicians and Surgeons of Baltimore.

Md. 3.—College of Physicians and Surgeons, Baltimore. Organized 1872, first class graduated 1873, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1877 absorbed Washington University School of Medicine. In 1915 it merged with the University of Maryland School of Medicine.

Md. 4.—Baltimore Medical College. Organized 1881, first class graduated 1882, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1913 it merged with the University of Maryland, School of Medicine.

Md. 5.—Woman's Medical College of Baltimore. Organized 1882, first class graduated 1883, and a class graduated each subsequent year, excepting 1898, including 1910, when the college became extinct.

Md. 6.—Baltimore University School of Medicine. Organized 1884, first class graduated 1885, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1907, when it became extinct.

Md. 7.—Johns Hopkins University Medical Department, Baltimore. Organized 1887, preliminary course only until 1893, first class graduated 1897, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. J. Whitridge Williams. Total registration in 1919-20 was 390; graduates, 93.

Md. 8.—Atlantic Medical College, Baltimore. Organized 1890 as the Southern Homeopathic Medical College. Assumed above title in 1907. First class graduated 1892, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1910, when it became extinct.

Md. 9.—Maryland Medical College, Baltimore. Organized 1898, first class graduated 1899, and classes graduated each subsequent year. Extinct in 1913.

Md. 10.—Medico-Chirurgical and Theological College of Christ's Institution, Baltimore. (Colored.) Chartered in 1900 by six negroes, only one of whom had an M.D. degree, source of this being unknown. Only two graduates have applied for license in any state since 1902, these being graduates of 1904 and 1909 respectively.

Md. 11.—Maryland College of Eclectic Medicine and Surgery, Baltimore. Organized in 1912 as the Eclectic School of Medicine of Milton University, but later took the title of Eastern University School of

Medicine. Above title in 1914. Its dean was reported as not licensed in Maryland, having failed to pass the license examination. This college was officially reported as not recognized by the Maryland State Board of Medical Examiners. Corporation dissolved in 1915.

MASSACHUSETTS

Mass. 1.—Medical School of Harvard University, Boston. Organized 1782, first class graduated 1788, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. David L. Edsall. The total registration for 1919-20 was 413; graduates, 96.

Mass. 2.—Berkshire Medical College, Pittsfield. Organized in 1823 as Medical Department Williams College. Graduated 1,138 students. Extinct 1867.

Mass. 3.—New England Female Medical College, Boston. Homeopathic. Organized 1848. In 1874 merged with Boston University School of Medicine.

Mass. 4.—Worcester Medical College, Eclectic. Organized 1848 as New England Botanic-Medical College, reorganized 1852 as Worcester Medical College, Eclectic. Moved to Boston 1857, to Worcester 1858. Extinct 1859.

Mass. 5.—Boston University School of Medicine, Boston. Homeopathic. Organized 1873. In 1874 New England Female Medical College was merged into it. First class graduated 1874, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. John P. Sutherland. Total registration for 1919-20 was 88; graduates, 13.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Mass. 6.—College of Physicians and Surgeons, Boston. Organized 1880. First class graduated 1882, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Total students registered in 1919-20 was about 32; graduates, 9. This college has been reported not recognized by the Massachusetts Medical Society and by the licensing board of 40 states.

Mass. 7.—Tufts College Medical School, Boston. This school was organized in 1893 as the Medical Department of Tufts College. First class graduated in 1894, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Dr. Charles F. Painter is dean. Total registration for 1919-20 was 338; graduates, 83.

Mass. 8.—New England University of Arts and Sciences, Boston. Fraudulent. Extinct 1881.

Mass. 9.—Bellevue Medical College of Massachusetts, Boston. Fraudulent. Extinct 1883.

Mass. 12.—Excelsior Medical College, Boston. Fraudulent. Extinct 1883.

Mass. 13.—Reserved College of Physicians and Surgeons, Springfield. Fraudulent. Extinct 1893.

Mass. 14.—Clark University Medical Department, Worcester. Organized in 1887. Did not grant degrees. Extinct.

Mass. 15.—Middlesex College of Medicine and Surgery, Cambridge. Organized in 1914. A class was graduated in 1915 and each subsequent year. Granted three years' advanced standing for work taken in osteopathic colleges. It has affiliated itself with schools of law, dentistry, chiroprody, optometry, etc., under the high sounding title of the "University of Massachusetts." Reported not recognized by the Massachusetts Medical Society and by the licensing board of 39 states.

MICHIGAN

Mich. 1.—University of Michigan Medical School, Ann Arbor. Organized 1850, first class graduated 1851, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. Victor C. Vaughan. Total registration for 1919-20 was 389; graduates, 75.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Mich. 2.—Detroit Medical College. Organized 1868, first class graduated 1869, and a class graduated each year to 1885, when it consolidated with the Michigan College of Medicine to form the Detroit College of Medicine.

Mich. 3.—Detroit Homeopathic Medical College. Organized 1871. Extinct 1876.

Mich. 4.—Michigan Homeopathic Medical College, Lansing. Organized 1872. Extinct 1873.

Mich. 5.—University of Michigan Homeopathic Medical School, Ann Arbor. Organized 1875, first class graduated in 1877, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. W. B. Hinsdale. The enrollment for 1919-20 was 40; graduates, 7.

Mich. 6.—Michigan College of Medicine, Detroit. Organized 1880. First class graduated 1881, and a class graduated each year to 1885, when it consolidated with the Detroit Medical College.

Mich. 7.—Detroit College of Medicine and Surgery, Detroit. Formed 1885 by consolidation of Detroit Medical College and the Michigan School of Medicine, taking the name of Detroit College of Medicine. Present title assumed in 1913. First class graduated 1886, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. W. H. MacCracken. Total enrollment for 1919-20 was 140; graduates, 41.

Mich. 8.—Michigan College of Medicine and Surgery, Detroit. Organized 1838, first class graduated in 1889, a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1903 consolidated with Saginaw Valley Medical College. Last class graduated 1906. Extinct 1907.

Mich. 9.—Saginaw Valley Medical College, Saginaw. Organized 1896; first class graduated 1897, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1903, when it consolidated with the Michigan College of Medicine and Surgery.

Mich. 10.—Grand Rapids Medical College. Incorporated 1897; first class graduated 1898, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1907, when it became extinct.

Mich. 11.—Detroit Homeopathic College. Organized in 1899; first class graduated 1900; a class graduated each subsequent year. Extinct in 1912.

Mich. 12.—Michigan School of Homeopathy and Surgery, Detroit. Incorporated Feb. 23, 1863. Extinct.

Mich. 13.—Michigan Eclectic Medical College, Detroit. Incorporated April 20, 1880. Extinct.

Mich. 14.—Detroit University of Rational Medicine and Surgery, Detroit. Incorporated Aug. 9, 1880. Extinct.

Mich. 15.—Detroit University of Medicine, Detroit. Incorporated Nov. 30, 1881. Extinct.

Mich. 16.—Michigan Medical College, Lansing. Organized 1871. Extinct 1873.

MINNESOTA

Minn. 1.—Winona Medical School, Preparatory. Organized 1872; extinct. No diplomas issued.

Minn. 2.—St. Paul Medical College. Organized in 1871 as a preparatory school. Extinct in 1879. Reopened with power to grant degrees in 1885. Classes graduated in 1886 and 1887. In 1888 it merged with the Minnesota Hospital College and was absorbed by the University of Minnesota College of Medicine and Surgery.

Minn. 3.—Minnesota Hospital College, Minneapolis. Organized 1881 as the Minnesota College Hospital. Reorganized with new title in 1885. In 1888 was absorbed by the College of Medicine and Surgery of the University of Minnesota.

Minn. 4.—University of Minnesota Medical School, Minneapolis. Organized 1883 as the University of Minnesota College of Medicine. At that time its only function was to examine for the degrees of B.M. and M.D. In 1888 by the consolidation and absorption of the St. Paul Medical College and the Minnesota Hospital College, its present status was assumed and the name of University of Minnesota College of Medicine and Surgery was taken. First class graduated in 1889 and a class graduated each subsequent year. Absorbed Minneapolis College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1908. In 1909 the College of Homeopathic Medicine and Surgery was merged. Present title assumed in 1913. Since 1910 the course has covered five years, including a year's internship in an approved hos-

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pital. The dean is Dr. E. P. Lyon. The total registration for 1919-20 was 368; graduates, 69.

Minn. 5.—Minneapolis College of Physicians and Surgeons. Organized in 1883; first class graduated in 1884, and a class graduated in each succeeding year. From 1834 to 1837 inclusive the degrees were conferred by the University of Minnesota. In 1895 became Medical Department Hamline University. In 1908 it merged with the College of Medicine and Surgery of the University of Minnesota. The last class graduated in 1911 according to the terms of the agreement that Hamline University would grant degrees to students enrolled at the time of the merger whose qualifications were lower than those required by the latter institution.

Minn. 6.—University of Minnesota College of Homeopathic Medicine and Surgery, Minneapolis. Organized 1886 as Minnesota Homeopathic Medical College. In 1883 it became the Homeopathic Medical Department of the University of Minnesota. The first class graduated in 1889, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1909, when the department was abolished by the Board of Regents.

MISSISSIPPI

Miss. 1.—University of Mississippi School of Medicine, Oxford. This school was organized in 1903. Only two years of the medical course are given. In 1908 a clinical department was established at Vicksburg, but was discontinued in 1910, after one class had been graduated. The dean is Dr. W. S. Leathers, Oxford. The total registration in 1919-20 was 51.

Miss. 2.—Mississippi Medical College, Meridian. Organized in 1906; first class graduated 1907. Extinct in 1912.

MISSOURI

Mo. 1.—Missouri Medical College, St. Louis. Organized 1840 as the Medical Department of Kemper College. In 1845 became Medical Department of the University of Missouri. In 1855 became Missouri Medical College. First class graduated 1841 and a class graduated each succeeding year except 1862-65. This college was sometimes called after its founder, the McDowell Medical College. In 1899 was absorbed by the Medical Department of Washington University.

Mo. 2.—Washington University Medical School, St. Louis. Organized 1842 as Medical Department of St. Louis University. In 1855 it was chartered as an independent institution under the name of St. Louis Medical College; was sometimes spoken of as "Pope's Medical College." First class graduated 1843 and a class graduated each year thereafter. In 1891 became the Medical Department of Washington University. In 1899 absorbed the Missouri Medical College. The dean is Dr. Nathaniel Allison. Total registration of students for 1919-20 was 163; graduates, 43.

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Mo. 3.—University of Missouri School of Medicine, Columbia. Founded 1845. First class graduated 1846. No classes were graduated in 1857, 1858, 1860 to 1878, inclusive, 1887 to 1890 inclusive, 1892 and 1902. From 1846 to 1855 located in St. Louis. Reorganized at Columbia in 1872. Last class graduated in 1909, when the teaching of the clinical years was suspended. Dr. Guy L. Noyes is dean. Total registration for 1919-20 was 69.

Mo. 4.—Humboldt Medical College, St. Louis. Incorporated 1855 as St. Louis College of Medical and Natural Sciences. In 1859 became Humboldt Institute. In 1866 became Humboldt Medical College. Last class graduated in 1869, when it became extinct.

Mo. 5.—Homeopathic Medical College of Missouri, St. Louis. Organized 1859; first class graduated 1860 and a class graduated each year except 1862 to 1864. Reorganized 1882 and absorbed Hering Medical College and St. Louis College of Homeopathic Physicians and Surgeons. The last class graduated in 1909, when the college became extinct.

Mo. 6.—St. Louis College of Homeopathic Physicians and Surgeons. Organized 1869, suspended 1871, revived 1880. Consolidated with the Homeopathic Medical College of Missouri in 1882.

Mo. 7.—St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons, St. Louis. Organized 1869 as the College of Physicians and Surgeons of St. Louis; first class graduated 1870 and a class graduated each subsequent year until 1873. Reorganized with the present title in 1879. A class was graduated each subsequent year including 1915, when it merged with the Medical Department of the National University of Arts and Sciences. Reestablished in 1916. The dean is Dr. Waldo Briggs. Total registration for 1919-20 was 144; graduates, 42. Reported not recognized by the licensing board of Missouri and of 40 other states.

Mo. 8.—Kansas City Medical College. Organized 1869 as College of Physicians and Surgeons of Kansas City. Above title assumed 1880. Classes graduated in 1870 and in all subsequent years including 1905, when it was absorbed by the School of Medicine of the University of Kansas.

Mo. 9.—Homeopathic Medical College of St. Louis. Organized 1873. Fraudulent. Extinct.

Mo. 10.—National University of Arts and Sciences Medical Department, St. Louis. Organized 1873 as an eclectic college, with the title American Medical College; first class graduated in 1874 and two classes graduated each subsequent year up to 1883, since which time one class annually has been graduated. Dropped eclectic in 1910. In 1911 the Barnes Medical College was merged into it. Became the Medical Department of the National University of Arts and Sciences in 1912. St. Louis College of Physicians and Surgeons was merged in 1915, but withdrew in 1916. The last class graduated in 1918, when the college became extinct.

Mo. 11.—Medical College of Kansas City, Kansas City. Organized in 1869. Three sessions were held. Extinct in 1873.

Mo. 12.—St. Louis Hahnemann Medical College, St. Louis. Organized 1873. Graduated one class of four students. Extinct 1874.

Mo. 13.—St. Louis Eclectic Medical College. Organized 1874. Extinct 1883. Closed by legal process.

Mo. 14.—St. Joseph Hospital Medical College. Organized 1876. First class graduated 1878. In 1882 joined with College of Physicians and Surgeons of St. Joseph to form St. Joseph Medical College.

Mo. 15.—College of Physicians and Surgeons of St. Joseph. Organized 1878, graduated three classes. In 1882 merged with St. Joseph Hospital Medical College to form St. Joseph Medical College.

Mo. 16.—Hering Medical College, St. Louis. Organized 1880. No graduates. In 1882 united with the Homeopathic Medical College of Missouri.

Mo. 17.—Joplin College of Physicians and Surgeons, Joplin. Organized 1880, first class graduated 1881. Extinct 1884.

Mo. 18.—Northwestern Medical College, St. Joseph. Organized 1879, first class graduated 1881. Extinct 1894.

Mo. 19.—Joplin Medical College, Joplin. Organized 1881. Extinct 1882.

Mo. 20.—University Medical College of Kansas City. Organized 1881 as University of Kansas City Medical Department. First class graduated 1882. Reorganized 1888 under present name. In 1911 discontinued the courses of the first two years. Extinct in 1913.

Mo. 21.—Kansas City Hospital College of Medicine. Organized 1882, first class graduated 1883. Extinct in 1888.

Mo. 22.—Ensworth Medical College, St. Joseph. Organized 1882 as St. Joseph Medical College by union of St. Joseph Hospital Medical College and College of Physicians and Surgeons of St. Joseph. First class graduated 1883, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1892. Became En-

worth Medical College in 1888. In 1905 merged with Central Medical College of St. Joseph. In 1907 resumed the name Ensworth Medical College. Closed in 1914.

Mo. 23.—Woman's Medical College, St. Louis, Homeopathic. Organized 1883. Extinct 1884.

Mo. 24.—Beaumont Hospital Medical College, St. Louis. Organized 1886, first class graduated 1887. Last class graduated in 1901, when it joined with Marion-Sims College of Medicine to form Marion-Sims-Beaumont Medical College.

Mo. 25.—St. Louis Hygienic College of Physicians and Surgeons. Organized 1887; extinct about 1893.

Mo. 26.—Kansas City Homeopathic Medical College. Organized 1888, first class graduated 1889 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1902, when it united with Hahnemann Medical College of the Kansas City University to form Kansas City Hahnemann Medical College.

Mo. 27.—Marion-Sims College of Medicine, St. Louis. Organized 1890. First class graduated in 1891, a class graduated each subsequent year until 1901, when it united with Beaumont Hospital Medical College to form Marion-Sims-Beaumont Medical College, which in 1903 became the Medical Department of St. Louis University.

Mo. 28.—Barnes Medical College, St. Louis. Organized 1892, first class graduated 1893 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1911, when it merged with the American Medical College.

Mo. 29.—Central Medical College of St. Joseph. Organized 1894, first class graduated 1895 and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1905 merged into the Ensworth Medical College.

Mo. 30.—Woman's Medical College, Kansas City. Organized 1895, first class graduated 1896 and a class graduated each subsequent year until 1903, when it became extinct.

Mo. 31.—Hahnemann Medical College of the Kansas City University, Kansas City. Organized 1896 as the College of Homeopathic Medicine and Surgery of the Kansas City University. Name changed to the above in 1900. First class graduated 1897. United in 1902 with Kansas City Homeopathic Medical College to form Kansas City Hahnemann Medical College.

Mo. 32.—Medico-Chirurgical College of Kansas City. Organized 1897 as the Kansas City (Kan.) College of Medicine and Surgery. Reorganized with the above title in 1898. First class graduated 1898 and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1901 it absorbed the Columbian Medical College. In 1905 absorbed by the School of Medicine of the University of Kansas.

Mo. 33.—Eclectic Medical University, Kansas City. Organized 1898. First class graduated 1900. Removed to Kansas City, Kansas, in 1907. Assumed name of Western Eclectic College of Medicine and Surgery. Returned to Kansas City, Mo., in 1909 and resumed its former name. The last class graduated in 1918 when it became extinct.

Mo. 34.—St. Louis University School of Medicine, St. Louis. Formed in 1901 by union of Marion-Sims-Beaumont Medical College. First class graduated in 1902 and a class graduated each subsequent year. It became the Medical Department of the St. Louis University in 1903, when the present title was adopted. The dean is Dr. H. W. Loeb. Total number of students registered for 1919-20 was 251; graduates, 63.

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Mo. 35.—Kansas City Hahnemann Medical College. Founded in 1902 by the union of the Kansas City Homeopathic Medical College and the Hahnemann Medical College of the Kansas City University. First class graduated in 1903 and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1915 name was changed to the Southwest School of Medicine and Hospital. Held one session under new name. Extinct in 1916.

Mo. 36.—Occidental College of Physicians and Surgeons, Joplin. Incorporated 1886. Had no classes. Extinct 1887.

Mo. 37.—St. Louis Woman's Medical College. Organized 1894; classes graduated in 1895 and 1896, when it became extinct.

Mo. 38.—Missouri Eclectic Medical College, Kansas City. Extinct about 1898.

Mo. 39.—American Anthropological University of St. Louis. Fraudulent. Extinct about 1885.

Mo. 40.—Hippocratic College of Medicine, St. Louis. A night school organized in 1907. No graduates. Extinct in 1910.

Mo. 41.—Columbian Medical College, Kansas City. Organized 1898. First class graduated 1899 and classes graduated each subsequent year. Merged with the Medico-Chirurgical College in 1901.

Mo. 42.—Missouri School of Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, St. Louis. In operation about 1891. Extinct. Fraudulent.

Mo. 43.—Kansas City College of Medicine and Surgery. Eclectic. Organized in 1915 as an offshoot of the Eclectic Medical University, an institution rated in class C. First class graduated in 1916. Reported not recognized by the Missouri State Board of Health, and by the licensing board of 36 other states.

Mo. 44.—Kansas City University of Physicians and Surgeons, Kansas City. Chartered in 1903 as the Central College of Osteopathy; charter amended in 1917 authorizing it to grant degrees in medicine when name was changed to the Central College Medical Department. Present title in 1918. Continues to teach osteopathy under same faculty as for medical school. Liberal advanced standing granted in medicine to osteopathic students. The dean is Dr. A. L. McKenzie. Reported not recognized by the licensing board of Missouri and of 41 other states.

NEBRASKA

Neb. 1.—University of Nebraska College of Medicine, Regular Department, Lincoln. Organized 1870. Extinct 1887.

Neb. 2.—University of Nebraska College of Medicine, Eclectic Department, Lincoln. Organized 1883. Extinct 1885.

Neb. 3.—University of Nebraska College of Medicine, Homeopathic Department, Lincoln. Organized 1883, first class 1884. Extinct 1887.

Neb. 4.—Lincoln Medical College, Eclectic. Lincoln. Organized 1890 as Cotner University Medical Department. In 1896 name changed to Lincoln Medical College of Cotner University. Name of Cotner University Medical Department restored in 1911. Relationship with university canceled in 1915 and title Lincoln Medical College reassumed. First class graduated 1891; a class graduated each subsequent year including 1918 when the college became extinct.

Neb. 5.—University of Nebraska College of Medicine, Omaha. Organized 1881 as Omaha Medical College, the outgrowth of a preparatory school established in 1880 under the name of the Nebraska School of Medicine. First class graduated in 1882 and a class graduated each subsequent year. Became Medical Department Omaha University in 1891. In 1902 affiliated with the University of Nebraska and became College of Medicine of the University of Nebraska. The first two years were given at Lincoln, and the last two years only were given at Omaha until 1913, when all four years were transferred to Omaha. The dean is Dr. Irving S. Cutter. The total registration in 1919-20 was 184; graduates, 42.

Neb. 6.—John A. Creighton Medical College, Medical Department of the Creighton University, Omaha. Organized 1892, first class graduated 1893 and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. H. Von W. Schulte. Total registration for 1919-20 was 99; graduates, 23.

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Neb. 7.—Nebraska College of Medicine, Lincoln. Organized 1905. Classes were graduated in 1907, 1908 and 1909, when the school became extinct.

Neb. 8.—Nebraska Medical College, Eclectic, Lincoln. Organized in 1910. Held one session and became extinct. No graduates.

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NEW HAMPSHIRE

N. H. 1.—Dartmouth Medical School, Hanover. Organized under the trustees of Dartmouth College in 1797, first class graduated 1798; a class graduated each subsequent year including 1914, when clinical teaching was discontinued. Is the Medical Department of Dartmouth College. The dean is Dr. John M. Gile. Total registration for 1919-20, 21.

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N. H. 2.—New England University of Arts and Sciences, Manchester. Incorporated in 1876. Charter repealed in 1877. Reported fraudulent.

N. H. 3.—University of New Hampshire Department of Medicine, Nashua. Incorporated in October, 1888. Appeared to have some relationship with the Medical and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y. (N. Y. 39), and with the Trinity University College of Medicine and Surgery, Bennington, Vt. (Vt. 5). Reported fraudulent. Extinct.

NEW JERSEY

N. J. 1.—Hygelo-Therapeutic College, Bergen Heights. A mongrel institution. Fraudulent. Charter repealed 1891.

N. J. 2.—Medical and Surgical College of the State of New Jersey. Organized 1888. Declared disreputable. Charter repealed 1891.

N. J. 3.—Livingston University, Haddonfield. Fraudulent. Charter repealed 1891.

N. J. 4.—Central University of Medicine and Science, Jersey City. Fraudulent. Charter repealed 1891.

NEW YORK

N. Y. 1.—Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City. Organized in 1807 by the regents of the University of the State of New York under the name of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in the City of New York. The first class graduated in 1811 and a class graduated each subsequent year. The college was originally organized in 1767 as the Medical Faculty of King's College, which graduated its first class in 1769. It was suspended during the War of the Revolution. Reorganized in 1792 as the Medical Faculty of Columbia College. Classes graduated from 1793 to 1797 inclusive, 1802 to 1807 inclusive and in 1810. Meanwhile the College of Physicians and Surgeons in the City of New York was organized and in 1814 a merger of the two colleges was completed, retaining the latter title. It became the Medical Department of Columbia College in 1860 and was definitely merged into Columbia University in 1891. Present title assumed in 1896. The dean is Dr. William Darrach. Total registration 1919-20, 398; graduates, 101.

N. Y. 2.—College of Physicians and Surgeons of the Western District of New York, Fairfield. Referred to also as the Fairfield Medical School. Organized 1812, first class graduated 1816 and a class graduated each subsequent year until 1840, when it became extinct. Graduated 589 students.

N. Y. 3.—Albany Medical College, Albany. Organized 1838, first class graduated 1839, united with Union University 1873. In 1915 Union University assumed full control. The dean is Dr. Thomas Ordway. Total registration for 1919-20 was 79; graduates, 21.

N. Y. 4.—Geneva Medical College, Geneva. Chartered in 1834. Organized 1835 as the Medical Institution of Geneva. First class graduated in 1835 and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1854. Became Geneva Medical College in 1861. Last class graduated in 1872, when it was removed to Syracuse under the title of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Syracuse University. (See N. Y. 15.)

N. Y. 5.—New York University Medical College. Organized 1841 as Medical Department of the University of the City of New York. Assumed above title 1896. First class

graduated in 1842 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1898, when it united with Bellevue Hospital Medical College to form University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

N. Y. 6.—University of Buffalo Department of Medicine. Organized 1846, first class graduated 1847 and a class graduated each subsequent year. Absorbed Medical Department Niagara University 1898. The dean is Dr. C. Sumner Jones. Total registration for 1919-20 was 211; graduates, 57.

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N. Y. 7.—New York Medical College. Organized 1850. First class graduated 1851 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1864, when it became extinct.

N. Y. 8.—Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn. Organized 1858, first class graduated 1860 and a class graduated in each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. Otto V. Huffman. Total registration for 1919-20 was 340; graduates, 76

N. Y. 9.—New York Homeopathic Medical College and Flower Hospital, New York City. Organized 1858, incorporated in 1860 as Homeopathic Medical College of the State of New York. In 1869 became the New York Homeopathic Medical College and in 1887 took title of New York Homeopathic Medical College and Hospital. Present title in 1908. First class graduated in 1861 and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. Rudolph F. Rabe. Total students registered for 1919-20 was 142; graduates, 42.

N. Y. 10.—Bellevue Hospital Medical College. Organized 1861, first class graduated 1862 and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1898 it united with New York University Medical College to form University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

N. Y. 11.—New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, Homeopathic, New York City. Organized 1863 as New York Medical College for Women. Took present title in 1866. First class graduated in 1864 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1918, when it became extinct.

N. Y. 12.—Regents of University of State of New York. This body, which is the licensing board of the State of New York, was empowered by special statute to grant the degree of M.D. on examination. Seventeen such degrees were conferred between 1875 and 1895.

N. Y. 13.—Eclectic Medical College of the City of New York. Organized 1866, first class graduated in 1867 and a class graduated each subsequent year. Extinct in 1913.

N. Y. 14.—Woman's Medical College of the New York Infirmary for Women and Children. Incorporated 1854. Organized 1868, first class 1870 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1899, when it became extinct.

N. Y. 15.—Syracuse University College of Medicine, Syracuse. Organized 1872, when the Geneva Medical College was removed to Syracuse under the title of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Syracuse University. Present title 1875. In 1889 the amalgamation with the University was made complete. First class graduated 1873 and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. John L. Heffron. Total registration for 1919-20, 147, graduates, 36.

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N. Y. 16.—United States Medical College, New York City. Organized 1878, closed by supreme court of the State of New York 1884. The diplomas were legalized by special act of the New York Legislature.

N. Y. 17.—College of Physicians and Surgeons, Homeopathic, Buffalo. Organized 1879 as the Homeopathic College of Physicians and Surgeons. Changed title to College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1880. First class 1880. Closed by order of the supreme court of the State of New York 1884. The diplomas of the college were made legal by special act of the New York Legislature.

N. Y. 18.—Niagara University Medical Department, Buffalo. Organized 1883, first

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class graduated 1886 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1896, when it consolidated with the Medical Department of the University of Buffalo.

N. Y. 19.—University and Bellevue Hospital Medical College (Medical Department of the New York University), New York City. Formed in 1898 by the union of New York University Medical College. First class graduated 1899 and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. Samuel A. Brown. Total registration for 1919-20 was 465; graduates, 104.

N. Y. 20.—Cornell University Medical College, Ithaca and New York City. Organized 1898, first class graduated 1899 and a class graduated each subsequent year. The first year of the course is taken at New York or at Ithaca, the last three years at New York. The dean is Dr. Walter L. Niles. Total registration for 1919-20 was 260; graduates, 51.

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N. Y. 21.—Medical Faculty of Rutgers (Queen's) College, New York City. Organized in 1792 as the New Medical Institution, the Faculty of Medicine of Queen's College (New Jersey). Classes graduated in 1792 and 1793. Suspended 1794 to 1826. Reorganized 1826, with the title Medical Faculty of Rutgers's College. A class graduated in 1827, but the diplomas were not recognized by the New York Board of Regents. An effort was then made to revive the college under the name Rutgers's Faculty of Geneva College, but without success. It became extinct in 1827.

N. Y. 22.—New York Reformed Medical College, Eclectic, New York City. Organized 1826. Extinct about 1839. Diplomas not recognized by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 23.—New York School of Medicine, New York City. Organized in 1831. Extinct 1833.

N. Y. 24.—College of Medicine, Botanic, New York City. Organized 1836. Extinct about 1846. Not recognized by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 25.—Eclectic Medical Institute of New York, Rochester. Organized 1847 as the Medical School of Fredonia, at Fredonia, N. Y. In 1848 moved to Rochester, taking the above title. In 1849 it merged with the Randolph Eclectic Medical Institute and moved to Syracuse and became the Central Medical College of New York. Not recognized by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 27.—Randolph Eclectic Medical Institute, Rochester. Organized in 1848. In 1849 it merged with the Eclectic Medical Institute of New York, and removed to Syracuse and became the Central Medical College of New York. Not recognized by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 28.—Rochester Eclectic Medical College, Rochester. Organized at Syracuse in 1849 as the Central Medical College of New York by the union of the Eclectic Medical Institute of New York with the Randolph Eclectic Medical Institute. In 1850 removed to Rochester and became the Rochester Eclectic Medical College. Extinct in 1852. It was not recognized by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 29.—Syracuse Medical College, Eclectic, Rochester. Organized 1850. Extinct 1855. Not recognized by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 30.—Metropolitan Medical College, Eclectic, New York City. Organized 1852. Charter revoked 1862. Graduated four classes. Diplomas not recognized by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 31.—Excelsior Medical College, New York City. Incorporated April 16, 1857. In New York City Directory 1859 to 1879. Extinct. Not recognized by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 32.—New York Hygelo-Therapeutic College, New York City. Incorporated April 15, 1857. In New York City Directory 1857 to 1864. Extinct. In 1884 an attempt was made to reorganize the institution by the United States Medical College.

N. Y. 33.—American College of Medical Science, New York City. Incorporated April 2, 1858. No evidence that any sessions were held.

N. Y. 34.—New York Preparatory School of Medicine, New York City. Incorporated April 15, 1859. Extinct. No recognition by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 35.—New York Free Medical College for Women, New York City. Chartered April 12, 1871. Classes graduated in 1873, 1874 and 1875. Extinct 1876.

N. Y. 36.—Buffalo College of Rational Medicine, Homeopathic, Buffalo. Organized 1879. Fraudulent. Extinct. Reported to the New York Board of Regents as the College of Physicians and Surgeons.

N. Y. 37.—Mohawk Medical College, Buffalo. Organized 1879. Fraudulent. Extinct 1884. This was an attempt to revive the defunct College of Physicians and Surgeons.

N. Y. 38.—Hamburg Canal College, Buffalo. Fraudulent. Extinct 1883.

N. Y. 39.—Medical and Surgical Institute and Sanitarium, Buffalo. An institution bearing this and four other titles, viz., the American College of Arts and Sciences Medical Department, the American Society of Literature and Art, and the Druidic Bancholeton, was located at 120 Pearl St., Buffalo. It was incorporated November, 1866, under the last name given and dealt in degrees of all kinds. Connected apparently with the University of New Hampshire Department of Medicine (N. H. 3) and with the Trinity University College of Medicine and Surgery, Bennington, Vt. (Vt. 5). Reported fraudulent. Charter revoked 1893.

N. Y. 40.—New York College of Magnetism, New York City. Chartered Jan. 28, 1887. Charter revoked 1893. Not recognized by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 41.—New York Institute of Medical Science, New York City. Organized 1887. Not chartered. Fraudulent. Extinct about 1893.

N. Y. 42.—Preparatory Medical College, New York City and Poughkeepsie. Organized 1888. Fraudulent. Exposed in 1893. Not recognized by the New York Board of Regents.

N. Y. 43.—Fordham University School of Medicine, New York City. Organized in 1905 as the School of Medicine of St. John's College. Present title assumed in 1907. First class graduated 1909. Abolished by trustees of Fordham University in 1918 but is continuing for two years until two upper classes shall have graduated. Permanent suspension in 1921.

N. Y. 44.—Edward Medical College, New York City. Existed about 1889. Not legally chartered. Extinct.

NORTH CAROLINA

N. C. 1.—University of North Carolina School of Medicine, Chapel Hill. Organized 1879 as a preparatory school. In 1890 it began teaching the work of the first two years of the medical course. In 1902 a clinical department was established at Raleigh. Classes were graduated from 1903 to 1910 inclusive, when the clinical department was discontinued. The dean is Dr. I. H. Manning. The total registration for 1919-20 was 62.

N. C. 2.—Edinburgh Medical College, Lumbertown. Incorporated 1869. Extinct.

N. C. 3.—Leonard Medical School (Colored). Medical Department Shaw University, Raleigh. Established 1882. A class was graduated in 1886, in 1888 and in each subsequent year including 1914, when clinical teaching was discontinued. College closed in 1918.

N. C. 4.—North Carolina Medical College, Charlotte. Organized in 1887 at Davidson as the Davidson School of Medicine. It was a preparatory school only, not granting any degrees until 1903, when it was chartered under the above name. The first class was graduated in 1893. Removed to Charlotte in 1907. In 1914 merged with Medical College of Virginia, retaining only a nominal existence to grant degrees to its three remaining classes. Last class in 1918.

N. C. 5.—Wake Forest College School of Medicine, Wake Forest. This school was organized in 1902. It gives only the first two years of the medical course. The secretary is E. B. Earnshaw. Total registration for 1919-20 was 45.

N. C. 6.—College of Physicians and Surgeons, Arlington. Organized in 1871. Extinct. It is not known that it ever graduated a class.

NORTH DAKOTA

N. D. 1.—University of North Dakota School of Medicine, University. Organized in 1905. Gives the first two years of the medical course. The dean is Dr. Harley E. French. The enrolment for 1919-20 was 31.

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OHIO

O. 1.—Medical College of Ohio, Cincinnati. Organized 1819, first class graduated in 1821. Cincinnati Medical College was merged in 1846. In 1857 Miami Medical College merged until 1865, when Miami was reestablished. In 1896 became the Medical Department of the University of Cincinnati. In 1909 it again merged with Miami Medical College and became the Ohio-Miami Medical College of the University of Cincinnati.

O. 2.—Eclectic Medical College, Cincinnati. Organized in 1833 as Worthington Medical College. Suspended 1839-1843. Removed to Cincinnati 1843. Became the Eclectic Medical Institute in 1845. Absorbed the American Medical College in 1857 and the Eclectic College of Medicine and Surgery in 1859. First class graduated in 1833 and a class graduated each year thereafter, except 1839-1843 inclusive. Changed name to Eclectic Medical College in 1910. The secretary is Dr. John K. Scudder. Total enrolment for 1919-20 was 93; graduates, 32.

O. 3.—Starling Medical College, Columbus. Organized 1847. During same year it absorbed the Medical Department of Willoughby University. A class graduated in 1848. In 1892 it absorbed Columbus Medical College. In 1907 it united with the Ohio Medical University to form the Starling-Ohio Medical College.

O. 4.—Physio-Medical College, Cincinnati. Organized 1836. Graduated classes until 1880, when it became extinct. Also known as the Cincinnati Literary and Scientific Institute.

O. 5.—Botanico-Medical College of Ohio, Cincinnati. Chartered 1838. Extinct 1850.

O. 6.—Western Reserve University School of Medicine, Cleveland. Organized 1843 as Cleveland Medical College. Sometimes referred to as the Hudson Medical College. First class graduated in 1844, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1881 the majority of the faculty of the Medical Department of Wooster University united with it and it became the Medical Department of Western Reserve University. In 1881 also the board of trustees of Western Reserve University conferred the ad eundem degree of M.D. on all graduates of the Charity Hospital Medical College and on some graduates of the University of Wooster Medical Department. Absorbed the Cleveland College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1910. The present title was assumed in 1913. The dean is Dr. C. A. Hamann. Total enrolment for 1919-20 was 178; graduates, 48.

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O. 7.—Cleveland University of Medicine and Surgery. Organized 1849 as Western College of Homeopathic Medicine. First class graduated 1851. In 1857 the name was changed to Western Homeopathic College. In 1870 became Homeopathic Hospital College and absorbed the Homeopathic Medical College for Women. In 1894 became Cleveland University of Medicine and Surgery. In 1898 joined with Cleveland Medical College (Homeopathic) to form Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College.

O. 8.—Cincinnati College of Medicine and Surgery. Organized 1849, first class graduated 1852. The last class graduated in 1902, when it became extinct. Its department for women was the Woman's Medical College of Cincinnati.

O. 9.—Miami Medical College, Cincinnati. Organized 1852, classes graduated 1853-57. In 1857 merged with Medical College of Ohio, but was reestablished in 1885 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1909, when it merged with the Medical College of Ohio to form the Ohio-Miami Medical College of the University of Cincinnati.

O. 10.—Physio-Medical Institute, Cincinnati. Organized 1859. Extinct 1885.

O. 11.—University of Wooster Medical Department, Cleveland. Organized in 1864 as the Charity Hospital Medical College. First class graduated in 1865. Assumed above title in 1869. In 1881 part of the faculty united with the Cleveland Medical College to form Western Reserve University Medical Department. The other part of the faculty reopened the University of Wooster Medical Department in 1881. (See O. 12.)

O. 12.—Cleveland College of Physicians and Surgeons, Medical Department Ohio Wesleyan University. Organized in 1881 as the Medical Department of the University of Wooster. The first class graduated in 1882. It became the Medical Department of Ohio Wesleyan University and assumed present title in 1896. In 1910 it merged into the Western Reserve University Medical Department, but continued to graduate classes until 1913.

O. 13.—Pulte Medical College, Cincinnati, Homeopathic. Organized 1872, first class graduated 1873 and a class graduated each subsequent year, including 1910, when the college was merged with the Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College, forming the Cleveland-Pulte Medical College.

O. 14.—Columbus Medical College. Organized 1875, first class graduated in 1876, merged with Starling Medical College in 1892.

O. 15.—Physio-Eclectic Medical College, Cincinnati. Organized 1876. Fraudulent. Extinct 1879.

O. 16.—American Eclectic Medical College, Cincinnati. Organized 1876. Last class graduated in 1896, when it became extinct.

O. 17.—Medical University of Ohio, Cincinnati. Organized 1883. Extinct about 1891. Fraudulent; diplomas not recognized.

O. 18.—Northwestern Ohio Medical College, Toledo. Organized 1883 as an outgrowth of the Toledo School of Medicine; first class graduated in 1884 and a class graduated each year thereafter until 1891, when the school became extinct.

O. 19.—Toledo Medical College (Medical Department Toledo University), Toledo. Organized 1883, first class graduated in 1883 and a class graduated each subsequent year. Extinct in 1914.

O. 20.—Woman's Medical College of Cincinnati. Founded in 1887, first class graduated 1888. The last class graduated in 1895, when it joined with Presbyterian Hospital and Woman's Medical College to form the Laura Memorial Woman's Medical College.

O. 21.—Laura Memorial Woman's Medical College, Cincinnati. Organized 1895 by the merger of the Woman's Medical College of Cincinnati with the Presbyterian Hospital and Woman's Medical College. First class graduated 1896. Last class graduated 1903, when it became extinct.

O. 22.—National Normal University College of Medicine, Lebanon. Organized 1889, first class graduated 1889, classes graduated each subsequent year until 1896, when it became extinct.

O. 23.—Cleveland Medical College, Homeopathic. Organized 1890, first class 1891. Joined Cleveland University of Medicine and Surgery to form Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College in 1898.

O. 24.—Presbyterian Hospital and Woman's Medical College, Cincinnati. Established 1891, first class graduated in 1892 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1895, when it united with Woman's Medical College of Cincinnati to form Laura Memorial Woman's Medical College.

O. 25.—Ohio Medical University, Columbus. Organized 1890, first class graduated 1893, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1907, when it merged with Starling Medical College to form the Starling-Ohio Medical College.

O. 26.—Cleveland-Pulte Medical College, Cleveland. Formed in 1898 by union of Cleveland University of Medicine and Surgery and Cleveland Medical College, with the title of Cleveland Homeopathic Medical College. In 1910 it absorbed the Pulte Medical College, Cincinnati, and assumed the above title. The first class graduated in 1899 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1914, when it became extinct.

O. 27.—Cincinnati Medical College, Cincinnati. Organized in 1834. Merged into the Medical College of Ohio in 1846.

O. 28.—Willoughby University Medical Department, Willoughby. Organized 1835. In 1847 it merged into the Starling Medical College.

O. 30.—American Medical College, Eclectic, Cincinnati. Organized in 1839. In 1857 it merged into the Eclectic Medical Institute.

O. 31.—Eclectic College of Medicine and Surgery, Cincinnati. Organized in 1856. Classes were graduated in 1857, 1858 and 1859. In 1859 it merged with the Eclectic Medical Institute.

O. 32.—International Electropathic Institution, Mentor. Chartered under the laws of Pennsylvania in 1861 as the Electropathic Institute. Moved to Ohio in 1876. Extinct in 1894. Not recognized by the Ohio State Board of Medical Registration and Examination.

O. 33.—Homeopathic Medical College for Women, Cleveland. Organized in 1868. Merged into the Homeopathic Hospital College in 1870.

O. 34.—American Health College, Cincinnati. Organized in 1874 and reorganized in 1876. Conducted by a Dr. Campbell, who "originated and copyrighted" the so-called "vitopathic system." Fraudulent. Extinct about 1888.

O. 35.—Zanesville Academy of Medicine, Zanesville. Organized in 1877. Under the laws of Ohio the Academy had authority to examine candidates who wished to practice medicine and, if found qualified, issue certificates to that effect. This right was exercised in six or seven instances after a written and oral examination. Owing to internal dissension the Academy was closed by order of court in 1881.

O. 36.—Toledo School of Medicine, Toledo. Organized in 1878 as a school for instruction only and did not confer degrees. It held three sessions and was then suspended. (See O. 18.)

O. 37.—Dayton Medical University, Dayton. Organized 1886, classes graduated in 1887, 1888 and 1889. Extinct 1889.

O. 38.—Ohio College of Obstetrics, Medicine and Midwifery, Cincinnati. Chartered in 1889. Extinct. Fraudulent.

O. 39.—Hygeia Medical College, Cincinnati. Organized 1893, first class graduated 1895. No class graduated in 1897. Last class graduated 1899, when it became extinct. Not recognized by the Ohio State Board of Medical Registration and Examination.

O. 40.—Ohio State University College of Medicine, Columbus. Organized in 1907 as the Starling-Ohio Medical College by the union of the Starling Medical College with the Ohio Medical University. Became an integral part of the Ohio State University, with the present title, in 1914. First class graduated 1908 and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. E. F. McCampbell. The total enrollment for 1919-20 was 150; graduates, 23.

O. 41.—University of Cincinnati College of Medicine, Cincinnati. Organized in 1909 by the union of the Medical College of Ohio (founded in 1819) with the Miami Medical College (founded in 1852). The Medical College of Ohio became the Medical Department of the University of Cincinnati April 28, 1896. Under a similar agreement,

March 2, 1909, the Miami Medical College also merged into the University, when the title Ohio-Miami Medical College of the University of Cincinnati was taken. The acting dean is Dr. J. C. Oliver. Total registration 1919-20, 221; graduates, 44.

O. 42.—Ohio State University College of Homeopathic Medicine, Columbus. Organized in 1914, when the property of the Cleveland-Pulte Medical College of Cleveland was transferred to the Ohio State University. The dean is Dr. Claude A. Burrett. Total registration for 1919-20 was 26; graduates, 1.

OKLAHOMA

Okla. 1.—University of Oklahoma School of Medicine, Norman and Oklahoma City. Organized 1900. Gave only the first two years of the medical course until 1910, when a clinical department was organized in Oklahoma City. The dean is Dr. Le Roy Long, Oklahoma City. The total enrollment for 1919-20 was 86; graduates, 15.

Okla. 2.—Epworth College of Medicine, Oklahoma City. Organized 1904. Classes were graduated from 1907 to 1910 inclusive, when the college became extinct.

Okla. 3.—Twentieth Century Physio-Medical College, Guthrie. Organized, 1900. Fraudulent. Charter revoked in 1904. The dean of this college was H. Warner Newby, a "graduate" of the Independent Medical College, a Chicago diploma mill. The secretary was R. S. Clymer, M.D. This school had "correspondence departments" at Union City, Mich., and Hatfield, Pa. Circulars were sent out advertising diplomas at \$10 each, under the name of "shares of the Twentieth Century Health Association." The claim was made that "graduates of the Twentieth Century Medical College can practice anywhere in the United States without any interference by the State Board of Medical Examiners." (See Journal A. M. A., Oct. 1, 1904, page 900.)

Okla. 4.—Oklahoma Medical College, Oklahoma City. Organized 1907. Extinct 1909.

OREGON

Ore. 1.—Willamette University Medical Department, Salem. Organized 1865, at Salem, first class graduated 1867, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1896. Moved to Portland in 1878, returned to Salem in 1895. Merged with the University of Oregon Medical Department in 1913.

Ore. 2.—University of Oregon Medical School, Portland. Organized 1887, first class graduated 1888, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1898. Became an integral part of the University of Oregon in 1910. Absorbed Willamette University Medical Department in 1913. The dean is Dr. Richard B. Dillehunt. The total number of students for 1919-20 was 103; graduates, 14.

PENNSYLVANIA

Pa. 1.—University of Pennsylvania School of Medicine, Philadelphia. Organized 1765, first class graduated 1768, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1772-78. The original title, Department of Medicine, College of Philadelphia, was changed to Department of Medicine, University of Pennsylvania, in 1791. Present title in 1909. Granted first medical diploma issued in America to John Archer in 1768. In 1916 it took over the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia to develop as a graduate school. The dean is Dr. William Pepper. Total enrollment for 1919-20 was 454; graduates, 131.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Pa. 2.—Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia. Organized 1825 as Medical Department Jefferson College, Canonsburg; first class graduated in 1826, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1838 a separate university charter was granted, without change of title, since which time it has continued under the direction of its own board of trustees. The dean is Dr. Ross V. Patterson. Total enrollment for 1919-20 was 522; graduates, 165.

Pa. 3.—Pennsylvania Medical College, Philadelphia. Organized 1839. It was the Medical Department Pennsylvania College.

MEDICAL COLLEGES

Gettysburg. In 1859 absorbed Philadelphia College of Medicine and Surgery. Absorbed by Eclectic Medical College of Philadelphia in 1863.

Pa. 4.—Philadelphia College of Medicine and Surgery. Organized 1846; merged, 1859, with Pennsylvania Medical College.

Pa. 5.—Franklin Medical College, Philadelphia. Organized 1847. Extinct 1852.

Pa. 7.—Woman's Medical College of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia. Organized 1850. First class graduated 1852, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1862. The acting dean is Dr. Martha Tracy. Total enrollment for 1919-20 was 89; graduates, 12.

Pa. 8.—Penn Medical University, Philadelphia. Organized 1855. Suspended 1867 to 1874. Extinct 1881.

Pa. 9.—Hahnemann Medical College and Hospital of Philadelphia, Homeopathic. Organized in 1848 as the Homeopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania. In 1869 it united with the Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia (Pa. 18), taking the latter title. Present title in 1885. First class graduated 1849 and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. William A. Pearson. Total enrollment for 1919-20 was 130; graduates, 37.

Pa. 10.—Lincoln University Medical Department, Oxford. Organized 1870. Extinct 1872.

Pa. 11.—Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia. Organized 1881, first class graduated 1882, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1916, when it became the Graduate School of Medicine of the University of Pennsylvania.

Pa. 12.—University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine, Pittsburgh. Organized 1886 as the Western Pennsylvania Medical College; first class graduated 1887, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Became an integral part of the University of Pittsburgh in 1908; removed to the university campus in 1910. The dean is Dr. E. R. Huggins. Total enrollment for 1919-20 was 147; graduates, 31.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Pa. 13.—Temple University Department of Medicine, Philadelphia. Organized 1901, giving its courses at night. First class graduated 1904, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Changed to day college in 1909. The dean is Dr. Frank C. Hammond. Total enrollment for 1919-20 was 114; graduates, 23.

Pa. 14.—Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery, Philadelphia. Incorporated Feb. 26, 1853, as the American College of Medicine in Pennsylvania and the Eclectic Medical College of Philadelphia. About 1856 the first name was dropped, leaving the title Eclectic Medical College of Philadelphia. Absorbed Pennsylvania Medical College in 1863. This was changed by the Legislature on March 21, 1865, to the Philadelphia University of Medicine and Surgery. Under this last title it became fraudulent in the last few years of its existence. Extinct in 1880.

Pa. 15.—North American Academy of the Homeopathic Healing Art, Allentown. Organized 1835. Extinct about 1841.

Pa. 16.—American University of Pennsylvania (Eclectic), Philadelphia. Incorporated in 1867. Extinct in 1880. Fraudulent.

Pa. 17.—Eclectic Medical College of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia. Incorporated in 1856. After a few years it came under the control of one Buchanan and became fraudulent. Extinct 1880.

Pa. 18.—Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia. Organized in 1866. Classes graduated in 1868 and 1869, when it merged with the Homeopathic Medical College of Pennsylvania, retaining the above name.

Pa. 19.—Electro-pathic Institute, Philadelphia. Organized in 1861. In 1876 moved to Brantford, Ont., and later to Mentor, Ohio. Fraudulent. Extinct. (See O. 32.)

Pa. 20.—Thompsonian Medical College, Allentown. Organized in 1904. Fraudulent. No evidence to show that classes were ever held.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

P. I. 1.—University of St. Thomas Medical Department, Manila. University founded by papal decree in 1587. Medical Department added 1871.

P. I. 2.—University of the Philippines College of Medicine and Surgery, Manila. Organized in 1907 under the support of the Philippine Commission as the Philippine Medical School. Changed title to the above in 1910. The dean is Dr. Fernando Calderon.

RHODE ISLAND

R. I. 1.—Brown University Medical Department, Providence. Organized in 1811. The first class was graduated in 1814, and a class graduated annually until 1827, when it became extinct.

SOUTH CAROLINA

S. C. 1.—Medical College of the State of South Carolina, Charleston. Organized in 1823 as the Medical College of South Carolina. The first class graduated in 1825. In 1832 a medical college bearing the present title was chartered and the two schools continued as separate institutions until they were merged in 1838. Classes were graduated in all years except 1862 to 1865 inclusive. In 1913, by legislative enactment, it became a state institution. The dean is Dr. Robert Wilson, Jr. Total enrollment for 1919-20 was 65; graduates, 14.

For Special Announcement see page 4

S. C. 2.—University of South Carolina Medical Department, Columbia. Organized 1868. Extinct 1876.

S. C. 3.—Charleston Medical School, Charleston. Organized 1894. Extinct about 1895. It is not known that any sessions were held.

SOUTH DAKOTA

S. D. 1.—University of South Dakota College of Medicine, Vermilion. Organized in 1907. Gives but the first two years in the medical course. Two years of work in a college of liberal arts are required for admission. The dean is Christian P. Lommen, B.S. Total registration, 1919-20, 23.

TENNESSEE

Tenn. 1.—University of Nashville Medical Department. Organized 1850, first class graduated in 1852. United 1874 with the Medical Department Vanderbilt University, first class graduated by Vanderbilt 1875. Union dissolved 1895. Formed another union with the Medical Department of the University of Tennessee in 1909, each institution graduating a portion of the students. Union dissolved and college extinct in 1911.

Tenn. 2.—Memphis Medical College, Memphis. Organized 1854 as Medical Department Cumberland University. Suspended 1861-68. Reorganized 1868. Extinct 1873.

Tenn. 3.—Eclectic Medical Institute, Memphis. Organized 1857 as the Botanic Medical College. Above title assumed in 1859. Extinct 1861.

Tenn. 4.—Shelby Medical College, Nashville. Organized 1858. Extinct 1862.

Tenn. 5.—Vanderbilt University Medical Department, Nashville. Organized 1874 and united with the Medical Department University of Nashville. Relation dissolved 1895. First class graduated 1875, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The acting dean is Dr. G. Canby Robinson. Total enrollment for 1919-20 was 122; graduates, 29.

Tenn. 6.—University of Tennessee College of Medicine, Memphis. Organized 1876 at Nashville as Nashville Medical College. Became Medical Department University of Tennessee 1879. First class graduated 1877, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1909 united with the University of Nashville Medical Department to form the Joint Medical Department of the universities of Nashville and Tennessee, each institution granting degrees to a portion of the graduates each year. Union was dissolved in

1911. The trustees of the University of Nashville by formal action of that board named the University of Tennessee College of Medicine as its legal successor in medical teaching, transferring all of its college and hospital equipment to the successor. This college then removed to Memphis, absorbing the College of Physicians and Surgeons. The Memphis Hospital Medical College merged in 1913. In 1914 Lincoln Memorial University Medical Department was merged. The dean is Dr. McIver Woody. The total registration in 1919-20 was 50; graduates, 15.

Tenn. 7.—Meharry Medical College (Colored), Nashville. Organized 1876 as the Medical Department of Central Tennessee College, which became Walden University in 1900. First class graduated 1877 and a class graduated each subsequent year. Obtained new charter independent of Walden University in 1916. The dean is Dr. G. W. Hubbard. Total registration for 1919-20 was 185; graduates, 39.

Tenn. 8.—Memphis Hospital Medical College, Memphis. Organized 1880. First class graduated 1881, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Merged with University of Tennessee College of Medicine in 1913.

Tenn. 9.—Chattanooga Medical College. Organized 1889, first class graduated 1890, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1910, when it became extinct. It was the Medical Department of Grant University, which in 1908 changed its name to the University of Chattanooga.

Tenn. 10.—Lincoln Memorial University Medical Department, Knoxville. Organized 1889 as the Tennessee Medical College; first class graduated 1890, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Affiliated with the Medical Department of Lincoln Memorial University in 1908, assumed above title and became an integral part of the University in 1909. Merged into the University of Tennessee College of Medicine in 1914, retaining only a nominal existence to grant degrees to its three remaining classes.

Tenn. 11.—University of the South Medical Department (Sewanee Medical College), Sewanee. Organized 1892, first class graduated 1893, and a class graduated each subsequent year. College extinct in 1909.

Tenn. 12.—Knoxville College Medical Department (Colored), Knoxville. Organized 1895, discontinued 1900.

Tenn. 13.—Knoxville Medical College (Colored), Knoxville. Organized 1900, following the discontinuance of the Medical Department of Knoxville College. Classes graduated in 1900 and in all subsequent years except 1906 and 1907. Last class graduated in 1910, when the college became extinct.

Tenn. 14.—University of West Tennessee College of Medicine and Surgery, Memphis (Colored). Organized at Jackson in 1900. Removed to Memphis in 1907. First class graduated in 1904, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. M. V. Lynk. Registration for 1919-20 was 10; graduates, 1.

Tenn. 15.—College of Physicians and Surgeons, Memphis. Organized 1906. Was sometimes referred to as the University of Memphis Medical Department. The first class graduated in 1907, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Absorbed by the University of Tennessee Medical Department in 1911.

Tenn. 16.—Jefferson Medical Association, Dandridge. Organized 1854. Granted four diplomas. Extinct about 1875. Said to have been an examining board only.

Tenn. 17.—Hannibal Medical College, Memphis. Organized 1889. Extinct 1896. No graduates during 1893 to 1896 inclusive and no evidence of any in other years.

Tenn. 18.—Chattanooga National Medical College (Colored), Chattanooga. Organized 1899. Extinct in 1904.

Tenn. 19.—Universities of Nashville and Tennessee Medical Department, Nashville. Organized in 1909 by the union of the

Medical Department of the University of Nashville and the University of Tennessee. Union dissolved in 1911. (See Tenn. 6)

TEXAS

Tex. 1.—Texas Medical College and Hospital, Galveston. Organized in 1864 as the Galveston Medical College; reorganized under the name of Texas Medical College and Hospital in 1873; extinct in 1881; reorganized in 1888. Extinct 1891.

Tex. 2.—University of Texas Department of Medicine, Galveston. Organized 1891; first class graduated 1892, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. William S. Carter. Total registration for 1919-20 was 219; graduates, 67.

Tex. 3.—Fort Worth School of Medicine, Medical Department of Texas Christian University, Fort Worth. Organized as the Fort Worth School of Medicine, Medical Department of Fort Worth University, in 1894. In 1911 it became by affiliation the Medical Department of the Texas Christian University. First class graduated 1895, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Last class graduated in 1918 when it became extinct.

Tex. 4.—Baylor University College of Medicine, Dallas. Organized 1900 as University of Dallas Medical Department. The first class graduated in 1901 and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1903 became the Medical Department of Baylor University at Waco, with its present title. In 1904 it acquired the charter of the Dallas Medical College. The dean is Dr. E. H. Cary. Total registration for 1919-20 was 141; graduates, 33.

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Tex. 5.—Physio-Medical College of Texas, Dallas. Organized 1902, first class graduated in 1902, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1908, when it combined with the College of Medicine and Surgery, Physio-Medical, of Chicago.

Tex. 6.—Southern Methodist University Medical Department, Dallas. Organized 1903 as the Southwestern University Medical College; above title in 1911. First class graduated 1904 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1915, when the school was suspended.

Tex. 7.—Gate City Medical College, Texarkana. Organized 1902. It was the outgrowth of the Medical Department of Sulphur Rock (Ark.) College, organized in 1898. First class graduated 1904, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1908, when it became extinct. This college was exposed by the Arkansas Medical Journal, Aug. 15, 1907, page 134. -See Journal A. M. A. Oct. 19, 1907, page 1385. Recognition withdrawn by the Texas State Board of Medical Examiners in November, 1907. Reopened at Dallas in 1910. Caught selling diplomas in 1911. Its dean, Dr. J. W. Decker, was convicted and sentenced to fifteen months' imprisonment.

Tex. 8.—College of Physicians and Surgeons, Dallas. Organized 1903 as Bell Medical College. First class graduated in 1904, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In February, 1905, assumed present title. During 1909-10 was not recognized by the State Board. Extinct in 1910.

Tex. 9.—University of San Antonio Medical Department, San Antonio. Organized in 1888. No instruction was ever given. Extinct.

Tex. 10.—Dallas Medical College, Dallas. It was the Medical Department of Trinity University. Organized in 1900, first class graduated 1901, last class graduated 1904, when it was merged into Baylor University College of Medicine.

Tex. 11.—University of Medicine and Surgery, Dallas. Organized 1906. Held no sessions. Extinct.

UTAH

Utah 1.—University of Utah School of Medicine, Salt Lake City. Organized in 1906 and offers the first two years in the medical course. The dean is Dr. Perry G. Snow. The enrolment for 1919-20 was 36.

Utah 2.—Medical Institution of Morgan City, Morgan City. Extinct about 1883.

VERMONT

Vt. 1.—Castleton Medical College, Castleton. Organized in 1818 as the Castleton Medical Academy. In 1821 name changed to Vermont Academy of Medicine. Suspended 1838, but reorganized in 1839. In 1841 name again changed to Castleton Medical College. Graduated 350 students during its existence. Extinct in 1861.

Vt. 2.—University of Vermont College of Medicine, Burlington. Chartered in 1822, first class 1823, and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1836, when the school suspended. Reorganized in 1853 and class graduated in 1854 and each subsequent year. Since 1915 the course has included a year's internship in an approved hospital. The dean is Dr. H. C. Tinkham. Total registration for 1919-20 was 103; graduates, 22.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Vt. 3.—Vermont Medical College, Woodstock. Organized 1827 under name of Clinical School of Medicine. Incorporated with above title in 1835, became extinct 1856. A reputable college. (See Vt. 4.)

Vt. 4.—Vermont Medical College, Rutland. Incorporated 1883 by American Health Society. Extinct 1893. Fraudulent. (Do not confuse with Vt. 3.)

Vt. 5.—Trinity University College of Medicine and Surgery of the State of Vermont, Bennington. Incorporated in 1889. Appeared to have some connection with the Medical and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y. (N. Y. 39), and with the University of New Hampshire Department of Medicine (N. H. 3). Reported fraudulent. Extinct.

Vt. 6.—Union Medical Institute, Newbury. Organized in 1887. Fraudulent. Extinct.

VIRGINIA

Va. 1.—University of Virginia Department of Medicine, Charlottesville. Organized 1827, first class graduated 1828, and a class graduated each subsequent year except 1865. The dean is Dr. Theodore Hough. Total enrolment for 1919-20 was 102; graduates, 28.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Va. 2.—Medical School of the Valley of Virginia, Winchester. Organized 1826. Extinct 1861.

Va. 3.—Winchester Medical College. Chartered 1826, extinct 1829, revived 1850, burned 1861. Extinct.

Va. 4.—Medical College of Virginia, Richmond. Organized 1838 as Medical Department Hampden Sydney College. Present title 1854, first class graduated 1839, a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1913 the University College of Medicine was absorbed. In 1914 the North Carolina Medical College was merged. The dean is Dr. E. C. L. Miller. Total registration for 1919-20 was 137; graduates, 23.

Va. 5.—Randolph Macon College Medical Department, Prince Edward Court House. Organized 1840. Extinct 1855.

Va. 6.—University College of Medicine, Richmond. Organized 1893 as the College of Physicians and Surgeons; above title in 1894; first class graduated in 1894, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Absorbed by the Medical College of Virginia in 1913.

WASHINGTON

Wash. 1.—University of Washington Medical Department, Seattle. Organized in 1885. No sessions held.

Wash. 2.—Northwestern College of Biochemistry, Spokane. Organized in 1889 as the Washington Biochemic Medical College at North Yakima. Removed to Spokane and took above title in 1892. Ten days after the charter for this institution was obtained, George M. Carey, a non-graduate in medicine, registered a diploma which he had issued to himself. (Rauch.) Fraudulent. Extinct about 1893.

Wash. 3.—University of Spokane Falls, College of Medicine, Spokane. Organized 1890. No session ever held. Extinct.

WEST VIRGINIA

W. Va. 1.—West Virginia University School of Medicine, Morgantown. Organized in 1902; gives only the first two years of the medical course. The dean is Dr. John N. Simpson. Total registration for 1919-20 was 55.

WISCONSIN

Wis. 1.—Milwaukee College of Physicians and Surgeons. Known also as the Coney Medical Institute. Incorporated 1881. Fraudulent. Extinct. Charter annulled 1883.

Wis. 2.—Wisconsin College of Physicians and Surgeons, Milwaukee. Organized 1898, first class graduated 1894 and classes graduated each subsequent year. In 1913 all its property was transferred to the Marquette University School of Medicine and it became extinct.

Wis. 3.—Milwaukee Medical College, Milwaukee. Organized 1894, first class graduated 1895, and a class graduated each subsequent year. Affiliated with the Marquette University in 1907. In 1913 its buildings were leased to Marquette University School of Medicine and it became extinct.

Wis. 4.—Wisconsin Eclectic Medical School, Milwaukee. Established 1894. Peddled diplomas, but never graduated a class. Suppressed 1898.

Wis. 5.—University of Wisconsin Medical School, Madison. Organized 1907. Gives but two years of the medical course. The dean is Dr. Charles E. Bardeen. The enrolment for 1919-20 was 141.

Wis. 6.—Marquette University School of Medicine, Milwaukee. Organized in December, 1912, by lease and purchase respectively of the Milwaukee Medical College and the Wisconsin College of Physicians and Surgeons. First class graduated in 1913 and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. Louis F. Jermain. The registration for 1919-20 was 103; graduates, 2.

MEDICAL COLLEGES OF THE DOMINION OF CANADA

Alta. 1.—University of Alberta Faculty of Medicine, Edmonton. Organized in 1913. Gives only the first three years of the medical course, including the preliminary science year. The registrar is Cecil E. Race. The enrolment for 1919-20 was 135.

MANITOBA

Man. 1.—University of Manitoba Faculty of Medicine, Winnipeg. Organized 1883 as Manitoba Medical College; first class graduated 1886 and a class graduated each subsequent year. Present title in 1919. The dean is Dr. S. Willis Prowse. Total registration 1919-20, 219; graduates, 26.

NOVA SCOTIA

N. S. 1.—Dalhousie University Faculty of Medicine, Halifax, N. S. Organized in 1867. Incorporated as the Halifax Medical College in 1875. Reorganized as an examining faculty, separate from the Halifax Medical College in 1885. In 1911, in accordance with an agreement between the governors of Dalhousie University and the Corporation of the Halifax Medical College, the work of the latter institution was discontinued and a full teaching faculty was established by the University. By an arrangement between Dalhousie University and the Provincial Medical Board of Nova Scotia, the final professional examinations are conducted conjointly by the University and the Board, and candidates may qualify at the same time for their academic degrees and the provincial license. First class graduated in 1872. The dean is Dr. John Stewart. Total registration for 1919-20 was 139; graduates, 11.

ONTARIO

Ont. 1.—University of Toronto Faculty of Medicine, Toronto. Organized 1843 as the Medical Faculty of King's College. King's College became the University of Toronto in 1847. Medical Faculty abolished in 1853. From 1853 to 1887 the University of Toronto was only a legislative and examining body.

MEDICAL COLLEGES

Medical Faculty reestablished in 1887 by taking over the Toronto School of Medicine. The course of study covers five years of eight months each. In 1902 it absorbed Victoria University Medical Department, and in 1903 it absorbed Trinity Medical College. The dean is Dr. A. Primrose. The total registration for 1919-20 was 1082; graduates, 74.

Ont. 2.—Toronto School of Medicine, Toronto. Organized in 1847; affiliated with University of Toronto, 1854; affiliated also with Victoria University. In 1887, it was absorbed by the University of Toronto.

Ont. 3.—Trinity Medical College, Toronto. Organized in 1853 as the Upper Canada School of Medicine, suspended in 1854, reorganized 1870 as Faculty of Medicine of Trinity College; constituted a separate corporation called Trinity Medical College, 1877; affiliated with Trinity University and University of Toronto, 1878; reconstituted as Medical Faculty of Trinity University, 1902; merged with the Faculty of Medicine of the University of Toronto, 1903.

Ont. 4.—Victoria University Medical Department. Organized 1853. Extinct 1869. Also known as Rolph's School. Victoria University continued to grant medical degrees, however, until 1902, when it was absorbed by the University of Toronto.

Ont. 5.—Queen's University Faculty of Medicine, Kingston. Organized 1854, first class graduated in 1855, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The faculty was originally a department of the Univer-

sity, but a separation took place in 1866, when the school was conducted under the charter of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons at Kingston. It admitted women from 1880 until 1883. In 1892 the school again became an integral part of Queen's University. A five-year medical course is required. The dean is Dr. J. C. Connell. The total registration in 1919-20 was 229; graduates, 21.

Ont. 6.—Western University Faculty of Medicine, London. Organized in 1881, first class graduated in 1883, and a class graduated each subsequent year. In 1913 the Faculty of Medicine became an integral part of the University. The dean is Dr. H. A. McCallum. The enrolment for 1919-1920 was 119; graduates, 11.

Ont. 7.—Kingston Woman's Medical College. Organized 1883. The degrees were granted by Queen's University, with which it was affiliated. Extinct 1893.

Ont. 8.—Ontario Medical College for Women, Toronto. Organized in 1884. Affiliated with the University of Toronto. Not empowered to grant degrees.

QUEBEC

Que. 1.—McGill University Faculty of Medicine, Montreal. Founded 1824 as Montreal Medical Institution; became the Medical Faculty of McGill University in 1829; first class graduated under the university auspices in 1833. No sessions between 1836 and 1839, owing to political troubles. In 1905 absorbed Faculty of Medicine of the University of Bishop College. The

registrar is Dr. John W. Scane. Number of students in session 1919-20 was 624; graduates, 52.

Que. 2.—University of Montreal Faculty of Medicine, Montreal. Organized 1843, incorporated 1845 as the Montreal School of Medicine and Surgery. In 1891, by an act of parliament, it absorbed Laval University Medical Faculty at Montreal. First class graduated in 1843 and a class graduated each subsequent year. Present title in 1920. The dean is Dr. L. L. Harwood. Total registration for 1919-20 was 267; graduates, 32.

Que. 3.—Laval University Faculty of Medicine, Quebec. The Quebec School of Medicine, organized in 1848, became in 1852 Medical Department of Laval University; first class graduated in 1855, and a class graduated each subsequent year. The dean is Dr. Edwin Turcot. The enrolment for 1919-20 was 149; graduates, 25.

Que. 4.—Laval University Medical Faculty, Montreal. Organized in 1878. First class graduated in 1879 and a class graduated each subsequent year including 1891, when it was absorbed by the Montreal School of Medicine and Surgery.

Que. 5.—University of Bishop College Faculty of Medicine, Montreal. Organized 1870, first class graduated 1871, and classes graduated each subsequent year; in 1905 was absorbed by McGill University Faculty of Medicine.

Que. 6.—St. Lawrence School of Medicine. Organized 1851. Extinct 1852.

GRADUATE MEDICAL COLLEGES

IN THE UNITED STATES

ALABAMA

Ala. G1.—Graduate School of Medicine of the University of Alabama, Ave. F and 20th St., Birmingham. The dean is Dr. Lewis C. Morris, Empire Bldg.

CALIFORNIA

Cal. G1.—San Francisco Polyclinic and Post-Graduate School, 1535 Jackson St., San Francisco. The dean is Dr. H. D'Arcy Power.

Cal. G2.—Graduate School of Medicine of the University of California, Buena Vista and Alpine Sts., Los Angeles. The dean is Dr. George H. Kress.

ILLINOIS

Ill. G1.—Chicago Polyclinic, 219-221 W. Chicago Ave., Chicago. The secretary is Dr. Malcolm L. Harris, 32 N. State St.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Ill. G2.—Illinois Post-Graduate Medical School, 1844 W. Harrison St., Chicago. The secretary is Dr. James A. Clark.

Ill. G3.—Post-Graduate Medical School, 2400 Dearborn St., Chicago. The secretary is Dr. Emil Ries, 77 E. Washington St.

For Special Announcement see page 4

Ill. G4.—Chicago Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat College, 235 W. Washington St., Chicago. The secretary is Dr. John R. Hoffman, 81 N. State St.

LOUISIANA

La. G1.—New Orleans Polyclinic. Post-Graduate School of Medicine of the Tulane University of Louisiana, Tulane Ave. and Liberty St., New Orleans. The dean is Dr. Chas. L. Chassignac.

For Special Announcement see page 4

La. G2.—Loyola Post-Graduate School of Medicine, 135 South Rampart St., New Orleans. The secretary is Dr. Joseph A. Danna.

For Special Announcement see page 4

MASSACHUSETTS

Mass. G1.—Harvard Graduate School of Medicine, 240 Longwood Ave., Boston. The dean is Dr. Alexander S. Begg.

MINNESOTA

Minn. G1.—University of Minnesota Graduate School of Medicine, Minneapolis. The dean is Guy Stanton Ford, Ph.D.

NEW YORK

N. Y. G1.—New York Post-Graduate Medical School, 2d Ave. and 20th St., New York City. The secretary is Dr. J. Bentley Squier.

N. Y. G2.—New York Polyclinic Medical School, 341-51 W. 50th St., New York City. The president is Dr. John A. Wyeth, 341 W. 50th St.

N. Y. G4.—Manhattan Eye, Ear and Throat Hospital and Medical School, 210 E. 64th St., New York City. The secretary is Dr. Samuel J. Kopetzky.

N. Y. G5.—School of Ophthalmology and Otology, 18th St. and 2d Ave., New York City. The secretary is Dr. Geo. S. Dixon, 40 E. 41st St.

N. Y. G6.—College of the New York Ophthalmic Hospital, 23d St. and Third Ave., New York City. The secretary is Dr. W. C. McKnight, 13 Central Park West.

NOTE.—All post-graduate medical schools in New York are cooperating under the New York Association for Medical Education. For information regarding any or all clinics in that city write to the Secretary of this Association or 17 W. 43d St., New York.

PENNSYLVANIA

Pa. G2.—Graduate School of Medicine of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia. Organized in 1916. The Philadelphia Polyclinic was merged in 1918. The dean is Dr. George H. Meeker.

For Special Announcement see page 4

FOREIGN MEDICAL COLLEGE KEY-TABLE

NOTE.—This list includes the key number and addresses of foreign colleges arranged alphabetically by countries, also the licensing bodies of England, Scotland and Ireland.

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC

Arg. 1.—National University of Buenos Aires.

Arg. 2.—National University, Cordova.

Arg. 3.—National University, La Plata.

AUSTRALIA

Austl. 1.—University of Adelaide.

Austl. 2.—University of Melbourne.

Austl. 3.—University of Sydney.

AUSTRIA

Aus. 1.—University of Graz.

Aus. 2.—University of Innsbruck.

Aus. 5.—German University of Prague.

Aus. 6.—Bohemian University of Prague.

Aus. 7.—University of Vienna.

BELGIUM

Belg. 1.—University of Brussels.

Belg. 2.—University of Ghent.

Belg. 3.—University of Liege.

Belg. 4.—Catholic University, Louvain.

BOLIVIA

Bol. 1.—University of La Paz.

Bol. 2.—University of Sucre.

BRAZIL

Braz. 1.—Faculty of Medicine, Surgery and Pharmacy, Bahia.

AMERICAN MEDICAL DIRECTORY

Braz. 2.—Faculty of Medicine and Pharmacy, Porto Alegre.
Braz. 3.—Faculty of Medicine, Surgery and Pharmacy, Rio de Janeiro.

CHILE

Chi. 1.—University of Chile, Santiago.

CHINA

- China 1.—Hongkong University School of Medicine. Org. 1912.
China 2.—East China Union Medical College, Nanking.
China 3.—Union Medical College, Pekin.*
China 4.—Woman's Med. School, Shanghai.
China 5.—Canton University Med. Coll.
China 6.—South China Medical College, Canton.
China 7.—Hunan-Yale College of Medicine, Changaha.*
China 8.—Mukden Med. Coll., Mukden.*
China 9.—Pennsylvania St. John's Medical School, Shanghai.*
China 10.—Shantung Christian University School of Med., Tsinanfu.*
China 11.—Harvard Medical School, Shanghai. (Extinct, 1916.)

The five colleges indicated by an asterisk (*) are eligible to membership in the Association of Medical Colleges of China. Membership in that association is limited to such colleges as provide a four-year medical course, preceded by adequate college courses, with laboratory work in physics, chemistry and biology, based on high school graduation.

COLOMBIA

- Colombia 1.—University of Bogota.
Colombia 2.—University of Cartagena.

CUBA

- Cuba. 1.—University of Havana.

DENMARK

- Den. 1.—University of Copenhagen.

ECUADOR

- Ec. 1.—Central University of Ecuador, Quito.

EGYPT

- Egy. 1.—School of Medicine, Cairo.

ENGLAND

- Eng. 1.—University of Birmingham.
Eng. 2.—University of Bristol.
Eng. 3.—University of Cambridge.
Eng. 4.—Durham University.
Eng. 5.—University of Leeds.
Eng. 6.—University of Liverpool.
Eng. 7.—University of London.
Eng. 8.—Victoria University, Manchester.
Eng. 9.—University of Oxford.
Eng. 10.—University of Sheffield.
Eng. 11.—Licentiate of the Royal Coll. of Phys., London, and the Royal Coll. of Surgs., England.
Eng. 12.—Member of the Royal College of Physicians, London.
Eng. 13.—Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians, London.
Eng. 15.—Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, England.
Eng. 16.—Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, England.
Eng. 17.—Licentiate in Medicine and Surgery of the Apothecaries Society of London.

FINLAND

- Fin. 1.—University of Helsingfors.

FRANCE

- Fra. 1.—University of Bordeaux.
Fra. 2.—University of Lille.
Fra. 3.—University of Lyons.
Fra. 4.—University of Montpellier.
Fra. 5.—University of Nancy.
Fra. 6.—University of Paris.
Fra. 7.—University of Toulouse.

GERMANY

- Ger. 1.—University of Berlin.
Ger. 2.—University of Bonn.
Ger. 3.—University of Breslau.
Ger. 4.—University of Erlangen.

- Ger. 5.—University of Freiburg.
Ger. 6.—University of Giessen.
Ger. 7.—University of Göttingen.
Ger. 8.—University of Griefswald.
Ger. 9.—University of Halle.
Ger. 10.—University of Heidelberg.
Ger. 11.—University of Jena.
Ger. 12.—University of Kiel.
Ger. 13.—University of Königsberg.
Ger. 14.—University of Leipzig.
Ger. 15.—University of Marburg.
Ger. 16.—University of Munich.
Ger. 17.—University of Rostock.
Ger. 18.—University of Strassburg.
Ger. 19.—University of Tübingen.
Ger. 20.—University of Würzburg.

GREECE

- Greece 1.—National University, Athens.

GUATEMALA

- Guat. 1.—Faculty of Medicine, Guatemala.

HAITI

- Haiti 1.—National School of Medicine, Port au Prince.

HONDURAS

- Hond. 1.—Faculty of Medicine, Tegucigalpa.

HUNGARY

- Hung. 1.—University of Budapest.
Hung. 3.—University of Pressburg.

ICELAND

- Ice. 1.—School of Physicians, Reykjavik.

INDIA

- India 1.—University of Bombay.
India 2.—University of Calcutta.
India 3.—Punjab University, Lahore.
India 4.—University of Madras.
India 5.—University of Allahabad.

IRELAND

- Ire. 1.—Queen's University, Belfast.
Ire. 2.—National University of Ireland (formerly Royal University of Ireland), Dublin.
Ire. 3.—University of Dublin.
Ire. 4.—Royal College of Surgeons, Schools of Surgery, Dublin.
Ire. 5.—Licentiate of the Kings Queens Coll. of Physicians, Dublin.
Ire. 6.—Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland.
Ire. 7.—Member of the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland.
Ire. 8.—Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians of Ireland.
Ire. 9.—Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons of Ireland.
Ire. 10.—Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons of Ireland.
Ire. 11.—Licentiate of the Apothecaries Hall of Dublin.

ITALY

- Ita. 1.—University of Bologna.
Ita. 2.—University of Cagliari, Sardinia.
Ita. 4.—University of Catania.
Ita. 5.—University of Ferrara.
Ita. 6.—University of Florence.
Ita. 7.—University of Genoa.
Ita. 8.—University of Messina.
Ita. 9.—University of Modena.
Ita. 10.—University of Naples.
Ita. 11.—University of Padua.
Ita. 12.—University of Palermo.
Ita. 13.—University of Parma.
Ita. 14.—University of Pavia.
Ita. 15.—University of Perugia.
Ita. 16.—University of Pisa.
Ita. 17.—University of Rome.
Ita. 18.—University of Sassari.
Ita. 19.—University of Siena.
Ita. 20.—University of Turin.

JAPAN

- Jap. 1.—Kyoto Imperial University.¹
Jap. 2.—Taiwan (Formosa) Medical School, Tansui.²

- Jap. 3.—Tokyo Imperial University.¹
Jap. 4.—Aichi Prefecture Special Medical School, Nagoya.
Jap. 5.—Chiba Special Medical School.
Jap. 6.—Kanazawa Special Medical School.
Jap. 7.—Kumamoto Special Medical School.
Jap. 8.—Nagasaki Special Medical School.
Jap. 9.—Okayama Special Medical School.
Jap. 10.—Tohoku Imperial University, Sendai.¹
Jap. 11.—Nippon Special Medical School, Tokyo.²
Jap. 12.—Kyushu Imperial University, Fukuoka. (Formerly a part of Kyoto Imperial University.)
Jap. 13.—Kyoto Prefecture Special Medical School.
Jap. 14.—South Manchuria Medical School, Mukden. (See China 8.)
Jap. 15.—Niigata Special Medical School.
Jap. 16.—Osaka Prefecture Higher Medical School.¹
Jap. 17.—Tokyo Charity Hospital Special Medical School.
Jap. 18.—Tokyo Woman's Special Medical School.³
Jap. 19.—Tohoku Imperial University Special Medical Department, Sendai.⁴

1. For admission require graduation from the "Third Department of the Higher Schools" which covers three years of pre-medical training following graduation from the Middle Schools, the latter being equal to about three years of high school work.

2. A medical school conducted by the Japanese Government, primarily for the aborigines of Taiwan (Formosa). Only a common school education required for admission. Graduates licensed to practice in Tansui only.

3. Graduates not licensed by the Japanese Government unless they pass a special examination.

4. This is a reorganization of the old Sendai Special Medical School. Made a part of Tohoku Imperial University in March, 1912, under the name of Special Medical Department.

MEXICO

- Mex. 1.—National School of Medicine, Mexico.
Mex. 3.—School of Medicine and Pharmacy of Jalisco, Guadalajara.
Mex. 4.—Instituto Literario y Científico (Escuela de Medicina de San Luis Potosí).

NETHERLANDS

- Neth. 1.—University of Amsterdam.
Neth. 2.—University of Groningen.
Neth. 3.—University of Leyden.
Neth. 4.—University of Utrecht.

NEW ZEALAND

- New Z. 1.—University of New Zealand, Dunedin.

NORWAY

- Norw. 1.—University of Christiania.

PERU

- Peru 1.—University of San Marcos, Lima.

POLAND¹

- Poland 1.—University of Cracow.
Poland 2.—University of Lemberg.
Poland 3.—University of Warsaw.

1. Prior to the world war these colleges were known respectively as Austria 3, Austria 4, and Russia 9.

PORTUGAL

- Port. 1.—University of Coimbra.
Port. 2.—School of Med. and Surg., Lisbon.
Port. 3.—School of Med. and Surg., Oporto.

ROUMANIA

- Rou. 1.—University of Bukharest.
Rou. 2.—University of Jassy.
Rou. 3.—University of Klausenberg.

MEDICAL COLLEGES

<p style="text-align: center;">RUSSIA</p> <p>Rus. 1.—University of Jurjev. Rus. 3.—University of Kazan. Rus. 4.—University of Kharkov. Rus. 5.—University of St. Vladimira, Kief. Rus. 6.—University of Moscow. Rus. 7.—University of Odessa. Rus. 8.—University of Tomsk, Siberia.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">SAN SALVADOR</p> <p>San Sal. 1.—University of San Salvador.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">SCOTLAND</p> <p>Scot. 1.—University of Aberdeen. Scot. 2.—University of St. Andrews, Dundee. Scot. 3.—University of Edinburgh. Scot. 4.—School of Medicine of the Royal Colleges, Edinburgh. Scot. 5.—University of Glasgow. Scot. 6.—Anderson's College Medical School, Glasgow Scot. 7.—St. Mungo's College and Glasgow Royal Infirmary, Glasgow. Scot. 8.—Western Medical School, Glasgow (closed in 1915). Scot. 9.—Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh.</p>	<p>Scot. 10.—Member of the Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh. Scot. 11.—Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians, Edinburgh. Scot. 12.—Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh. Scot. 13.—Fellow of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh. Scot. 14.—Licentiate of the Royal Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow. Scot. 15.—Fellow of the Royal Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">SIAM</p> <p>Siam 1.—Royal Medical College, Bangkok.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">SPAIN</p> <p>Spa. 1.—University of Barcelona. Spa. 2.—Faculty of Medicine, Cadiz. Spa. 3.—University of Granada. Spa. 4.—University of Central Spain, Madrid. Spa. 5.—University of Santiago. Spa. 6.—University of Saragossa. Spa. 7.—University of Seville. Spa. 8.—University of Valencia. Spa. 9.—University of Valladolid. Spa. 10.—University of Salamanca.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">SWEDEN</p> <p>Swed. 1.—Medico-Chirurgical University Lund. Swed. 2.—Medico-Chirurgical Institute, Stockholm. Swed. 3.—University of Upsala.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">SWITZERLAND</p> <p>Switz. 1.—University of Basel. Switz. 2.—University of Berne. Switz. 3.—University of Fribourg. Switz. 4.—University of Geneva. Switz. 5.—University of Lausanne. Switz. 6.—University of Neuchatel. Switz. 7.—University of Zurich.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">SYRIA</p> <p>Syr. 1.—Syrian Protestant College, Beirut. Syr. 2.—University of St. Joseph, Beirut.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">TURKEY</p> <p>Turk. 1.—University of Constantinople.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">URUGUAY</p> <p>Urug. 1.—University of Montevideo.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">VENEZUELA</p> <p>Venez. 1.—School of Medicine of Caracas.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">WALES</p> <p>Wales 1.—University of Wales, Cardiff</p>
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